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The Bombay Chronicle

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Indus Maru	Y. Takada	30th ,,	12th Oct.
Burma Maru	A. Kobayashi.	18th Oct.	30th ,,

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16th ,, ..	MALWA ..	10,941
23rd ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	11,430
30th ,, ..	NALDERA * ..	15,825
7th October ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
14th ,, ..	MACEDONIA † ..	11,089
21st ,, ..	DELTA ..	8,097
28th ,, ..	CHINA ..	7,952
4th November	KASHMIR ..	8,841
11th ,, ..	MANTUA † ..	10,902
18th ,, ..	MOREA ..	10,911
25th ,, ..	MALWA ..	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	11,430
9th ,, ..	NARKUNDA * ..	16,227
16th ,, ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
23rd ,, ..	KARMALA † ..	9,093
30th ,, ..	KHIVA ..	9,097

* NALDERA } * Through steamers from Australia.

MACEDONIA, MANTUA, KARMALA } † Through steamers from China

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Date About	Steamers.	Tons.
1st September.	MULBERA ..	9,100
12th ,,	MERKARA ..	8,285
27th October ..	MARGHA ..	8,258
10th November	MALDA ..	8,660
24th ,, ..	NEVASA ..	9,071
7th December .	MASHOBRA ..	8,288
21st ,, ..	MANTOLA ..	8,963

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA.

About..		
8th September .	MANTUA ..	
21st ,, ..	SICILIA ..	
6th October ..	NARKUNDA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nankin.
27th ,, ..	SOUDAN ..	
2nd November .	KASHGAR ..	
25th ,, ..	SICILIA ..	
15th December .	MACEDONIA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nellore.
31st ,, ..	SOUDAN ..	

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons
6th October.	NARKUNDA ..	16,227
24th November.	NALDERA ..	15,825
15th December.	MACEDONIA ..	11,089

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Destination.
6th Sept. ..	KAROA ..	East and South Africa.
7th ,, ..	BARJORA	Karachi & P. Gulf.
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†Gyokoh Maru	H. Ogata	6,101	26 Aug.	9 Sep.
Akita Maru ..	Y. Kotoril	8,817	4 Sep. ..	14 Sep.
Wakasa Maru	M. Goto	6,083	11 Sep.	25 Sep.
Kamakata Maru	J. Fujisawa	5,843	21 Sep.	9 Oct.
Sanuki Maru	M. Tomita	5,872	12 Oct.	26 Oct.
Awa Maru ..	J. Saito	6,028	27 Oct.	10 Nov.
Tosa Maru ..	T. Watanabe	5,622	11 Nov.	25 Nov.

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IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 8 to meet the cost of its transmission, to

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8, Nandibagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia,
(HOWRAH.)

P.S.—Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at As. 8 per copy V. P. P. Charges As. 5.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO LET IN BALLARD ESTATE.

OFFICES and SHOW ROOMS for immediate occupation with lift.
I. In AMARCHAND BUILDING on BALLARD ROAD, near Mole Station, blocks FACING SEA.
II. In AMRUT BUILDING on Dougall Road, opposite E. D. Sassoon Co.'s Offices. Rents from Rs. 90 and upwards. For particulars apply to the OWNER on the Premises between 12-30 and 1-30 p.m. and 5 and 6 p.m. or in writing to

AMRATLAL AMARCHAND,
36, Kazi Syed St.,
Mandvi, Bombay No. 3.
M4774

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that on and after the 10th instant the water supply to Parel Village will be pumped between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m.

W. A. NIVEN,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 6th September, 1922.
C14258

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

(Incorporated in England.)

RE. PRE-PAYMENT OF FREIGHT ON PUBLIC COAL BOOKED FROM STATIONS ON THIS RAILWAY.

AS previously notified pre-payment of freight on public coal booked from stations on this Railway, will be compulsory from 1st October, 1922. Firms dealing in coal in large quantities should correspond with the undersigned in regard to the pre-payment of freight being arranged either by credit notes or cheques instead of in cash.

D. S. BURN,
General Traffic Manager.
Victoria Terminus,
Dated 4th September, 1922.
C14243

THE MADRAS CLOTH MARKET.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Company will be held at 420, Mint Street, on FRIDAY, the 8th September, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to receive the Report of the Directors, to pass the accounts, to elect Directors and Auditors, and to transact any other business of an Ordinary Meeting.

By Order of the Board,
CALLIANJEE & SONS.
14205 Managing Agents.

LEAGUE FOR COMBATING VENEREAL DISEASES.

Office: 66, Lamington Road, Bombay 7.

POST-GRADUATE COURSES IN VENEREAL DISEASES.

IN ACCORDANCE with the aims and objects of the League which include the promotion of facilities among medical graduates for the study of venereal diseases, it has been arranged to start post-graduate courses in the League's Dispensary at Lamington Road. Applications from those desirous of joining these clases and letters of inquiry regarding further particulars must be addressed to the Honorary Secretaries of the League at their office.

TIME AND PERIOD OF COURSES.

There will be three courses every year, each course lasting for three months as follows:

15th January to 15th April.
15th June to 15th September.
15th September to 15th December.

Only a limited number of students will be taken in for each course.

ATTENDANCE:—8 to 10 a.m. daily for three months and 3-30 to 4-30 p.m. for 15 days, at the League's Clinic.

FEES:—The fee for the course, payable in advance to the Honorary Treasurer of the League, will be Rs. 30.
14253

THE INDIAN CEMENT COMPANY, L .

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, at a meeting of the Directors held on 6th September, 1922, it was resolved to declare a Dividend of Rupees Fifteen per Share (Old Issie) free of income tax, for the half-year ending 30th June, 1922, and to make the same payable on or after the 9th October 1922 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 19th September, 1922.

This closes the account in respect of Old Ordinary Shares and from 1st July, 1922, both old and new shareholders will be entitled to dividend pari passu.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, the 19th September, 1922 to Friday, the 29th September, 1922, both days inclusive.

Dividend Warrants will be posted to Shareholders at their registered addresses.

By Order of the Board,
TATA SONS LTD., Agents,
J. D. GHANDY,
Director
Bombay. 6th September, 1922.
C14260

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FOURTH SESSIONS of 1922 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY the Eleventh day of September, 1922, at Eleven O'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppressions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas, and all murders, crimes or offences had, done or committed by any of our native Indian subjects within the Dominions and territories of the Shah of Persia to which the provisions of the Persian order in Council, 1889, are applicable.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Session, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Baliffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this 17th day of August, 1922.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY.
(Sheriff of Bombay.)
C14103

LOST SHARES

THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO. LD.

CALCUTTA.

LOST or MISPLACED:—

A scrip No. 434 for five shares numbered 14376 to 14380 (both inclusive) standing in the name of Phirozshah Mancherji Gimi, and a scrip No. 4844 for ten shares numbered 42306 to 42315 (both inclusive) standing in the name of Erachshah Rustomji Heerjibehedin, have been lost or misplaced. All persons having claim on the same shares are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their registered office, 7 Hastings Street, Calcutta, within one month from the date of this notice, after which date no claim will be considerd and duplicate certificates will be issued.

Bombay, 5th September, 1922.
M4842

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned request their clients to take away their old papers and proceedings prior to the year 1912 as the same could not be kept any longer owing to want of space, within 8 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be destroyed and they will not be held liable for the same.

Dated 5th day of September, 1922.
CHITNIS, KANGA & MANBHAI,
Solicitors, High Court,
94, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
C14249

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SULEMAN HAJI EBRAHIM KHATRI has contracted to sell to our client SULEMAN HAJI HAHOMEDJI MANIAR and another the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien, or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dadar in the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 782 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of the land, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 112 177, New No. 11867, 11963 and 13027 and New Survey No. 1/1784, 1/1875 and 1/1876 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 3247, 3248 and 3249 (1-2) and Street No. 711, 712, 713, 773 (a) and which said premises are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Haji Esmail Haroon on or towards the West by the Casturchand Mills on or towards the North by the Dadar Road and on or towards the South by the property of Haji Ismail Haroon and partly by the Casturchand Mills and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the vendor.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1922
MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADON,
Purchasers Attorneys.
C14254

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 877 of 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 27th day of February, 1922.

Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 Order V Rules 1, 5, 7 and 8 and Order VIII Rule 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

KRISHNARAO HANMANTRAO KABBUR, of Bijapur Hindu Inhabitant, now residing at Manchester carrying on business as Merchants and Agents in the name of K. H. Kabbur & Co., at 56, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff.

Versus.

Messrs. T. R. S. RAJAM & CO., a firm, also carrying on business as Merchants and Agents at 177-151, Abdul Rehman Street, without the of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a Plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a Concise Statement, viz:—

The Plaintiff prays that the defendants may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff a sum of Rs. 2,837-7-3 due to them at the foot of an account between the parties with interest thereon at nine per cent per annum from the 7th day of February, 1921, till the date of Judgment, for the costs of this Suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment. you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the twenty-sixth day of September 1922 at quarter past eleven o'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined, in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 3rd day of March 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.

Sealed W. J. HOWARD.
The 3rd day of March 1922.
Messrs. MANILAL & KHER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C14250

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. GOOLAM HUSAIN SALE MAHOMED, of Bombay Khoja Mahomed inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having any claim to or against the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, trust, inheritance, lease lien, easement of otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office in Great Western Buildings, Bake House Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All those two pieces or parcels or Government land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure now formed into one with the messuages tenements and dwelling houses standing theron situate at Gunbow Street, otherwise known as Nanabhai Bomonji Street within the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 316 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 284, New Nos. A/5194, 5196 Old Survey No. 523, and New Survey Nos. 8899, 8898 to 8901 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward Nos. 1815 and 1814 and Street Nos. 20 and 18 and New Nos. 128 and 130 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to Cowasji Kooverji alias Cawasji Byramji Battliwalla but now belonging to the heirs of Dorabji Dossabhai Bhivandiwalla, on or towards the West by the property of Maganlal Jethmal Soni, on or towards the North by a passage and beyond that by the house belonging to the heirs of Sorabji Cowasji Powwalla and on or towards the South by Gunbow Street, otherwise known as Nanabhai Bomonji Street.

F. P. PAVRI.
Purchaser's Attorney.
Bombay, dated the 6th day of Sept., 1922.
C14257

AUCTION SALE.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
No. 85, Hummam Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 4082.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

Auction Sale of 22,820 Gallons Lubricating Cylinder Engine Oil (Motor Light Car for Ford Cars); 608 Lubricating Cylinder Engine Oil (Motor "B" for Lorries). 600 Oil Lubricating Machine Light; 284 Oil Lubricating Transformer for cooling Electric transformers; 176 gallons Turpentine, 130 gallons Linseed, 79 gallons Sperm and Mobil Oil.

Under instructions from the Controller (Sales), Surplus Government Stores, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 7th September, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Port Trust Grain Depot, "P" Shed, Tank Bunder, Sewree, the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The sale is subject to conditions which will be posted and can be seen at the Office of the Controller (Sales), Surplus Government Stores, Amrut Building, Ballard Estate, or at the abovementioned place of sale or at the Office of the undersigned and which will be read out at the commencement of the Auction Sale.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

Paulins and Cart Covers, Canvas and Rubber Hosepipe, miscellaneous carpenter tools, Paint and Varnish, Lift and Force pumps, Corn Crushers, Copper and Brassware, Copper wire, Alluminium Utensils, Brass hooks, and Eyes, assorted Steel scrap, Steam Boilers, Ice plant, Oil and Petrol Engine, Motor Car and Motor Cycle parts, Machine tools, anvils, Brass ingot, Pulsometer pumps, ship's machinery, Greadnought files, Leather goods, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 11th September, 1922, and following days at 2 p.m. (S. T.),, at the Government Stores, Hajee Bunder, Sewree, the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The sale is subject to conditions which will be posted and can be seen at the Office of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Amrut Building, Ballard Pier, at the Surplus Government Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewree, and which will be read out at the commencement of the Auction Sale.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th September, 1922.

MISTRY & CO.

9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 5921.

AUCTION SALE of Furniture, dining table, full-sized sideboard, Cottage Piano by Rose and Co., crockery and glasware, about 100 (hundred) pairs of English boots and Shoes.

On THURSDAY, the 7th September 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MISTRY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction in their show-room at No. 9 Dean Lane very rich furniture, comprising of dining table, dining room chairs, sideboard and dinner waggon, silk tapesty lined drawing room suite, cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, writing tables, revolving book-stands gramophone glass door show cases, Iron framed Cottage Piano by Rose and Co., mirror door almirah, hatstand, teajoys, seasoned wood almirahs, clothe presses, dressing chest of drawers, marble top washing tables, glassware, crockeryware and plated-ware, cookery etc., About 100 Pairs of English Boots and shoes will be sold away in separate lots suitable to buyers.

Property is open to view.

Property of a gentleman leaving station.

1 English Canoe-shaped victoria and Bay Waler with new harness complete turn-out.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
29, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 5469.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Auction Sale of immoveable property called "Daria Nama" at Chawpati which is to be held to-day is POSTPONED until further notice.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th Sept. 1922

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

190, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

All the undermentioned properties will be sold at Lot No. 1, Weelesby Road, Bungalow.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE WELL FURNISHED BUNGALOWS AT POONA AND AT KIRKEE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla & Mulla, Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will put up for sale by Public Auction the under mentioned immoveable properties on the premises at Weelesley Road, Poona, on SUNDAY, the 17th day of September, 1922 at 4 p.m. (Standard time).

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Wellesley Road in Poona, Sub District Haveli with a bungalow and outhouse standing thereon and containing by admeasurements one acre and 9 Guntas and bearing Prathandi No. 65 Survey No 76, Municipal No. 206 and bounded on the North by the property of Ramrao Tatiji, on or towards the East by the Wall of the Railway compound, on or towards the South by the said Weilesley Road, and on or towards the West by the passage and this property is known as "Cabin Bungalow.

LOT NO. 2.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Wellesley Road in Poona with a bungalow and out house standing thereon particularly known as Sangam Bungalow.

LOT NO. 3.

1. All that piece or parcel of land at Kirkee in Cantonment lines containing by admeasurements 10111 sq. yds., with a bungalow and outhouse standing thereon assessed under Old No. 33, New No. 2, and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by vacant land belonging to Government, and adjoining thereto by the G. I. P. Railway lines, on the North by the property called "Caous Villa" belonging to Pestonji Cowasji and on the South by Vacant land of the Government and bearing house No. 25 in the Registration Sub District of Haveli.

2. All that piece or parcel of land in Kirkee Cantonment containing by admeasurements 9702 sq. yads., with a bungalow standing thereon assessed under Old No. 34, New 25 and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by open ground used for Race course, on the North by the property called "Jamshed Hall" belonging to Pestonji Cowasji and on the South Government land.

For further particulars and conditions of ale apply to Messrs Mulla & Mulla Attorneys for the Executors abovenamed or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 7th September, 1922.

J. DIAS & Bros.

Civil, Military, & Naval Tailors
280, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Superior Blue Blazer ..	Rs.	40	0
Superior Brown Blazer ..	,,	40	0
Flannel Trousers ..	,,	19	0
Office Shirt ..	,,	3	8
Real Velour Hat ..	,,	22	8
Felt Hat ..	,,	10	8
Superior Silk Tie ..	,,	4	8

Indispensable to Merchants and all Businessmen
Invaluable to the Bench and Bar, Auditors and Accountants.
IN THE PRESS, WILL BE READY SEPTEMBER 1922.

THE INDIAN INCOME TAX ACT OF 1922.

With an exhaustive commentary Rules and orders, references to English and Indian decisions and an introduction with forms, suggestions for submitting returns &c. Etc.
by
P. DURAISWAMI AIYANGAR, B.A., B.L., Vakil, High Court,
Legal Adviser to the Corporation of Madras, Author of Law of Municipal Corporations in British India, &c.
PRICE Rs. 10/- to those who register their orders before the 30th Sept. 1922 and Rs. 12/- to others.

The Asoka Shoodh Swadeshi Bhandar

KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

Specialists in Khaddar, Cotton, Woollen and Silk Piece-goods."

"This Bhandar always stands for purely Indian goods, guaranteed Spun and Woven in India."

For Varieties, Excellence, Finery and above all Cheapness in prices no one can surpass us.

Fresh Stock just received

OF KHADI DHOOTIES, SARIS, MULL, WOOLLENS, WHITE AND KHADI DRILLS, ETC., ETC.,

Price:-

Khadi (H/spun)	/-6/- to 1/4 per yard
,, Dhooties 7 to 10 yds	7/4 ,, 12/ ,, pair
,, Saris 5 to 9 ,,	3/- ,, 9/ each
,, Counterpanes	5/2 ,, 7/10 ,,
,, Towels . . .	1/- ,, 3/- ,,

N. B.—Our Tailoring Department always gives fullest satisfaction to our Customers.

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AMUSEMENTS

THIS WEEK THIS WEEK

A New Picture and a new surprise.

We have something grand something extra-ordinary for you

Ahiravan-Mahiravan VADH.

The picturisation of the beautiful and interesting episode from the Ramayan, the story of the two demons Ahiravan and Mahiravan, two mighty Allies of Ravan their vow to kidnap Rama and Laxman and their death at the hands of Rama, by the bravery of Hanooman and his monkey battalions.

A master production of the Hindoostan Cinema Film Co.

AT

CINEMA MAJESTIC

Girgaum Tram Terminus.

POPULAR PRICES.

Four Shows daily. 5-15; 7; 8-45; 10-30

EXTRA SHOW on Holiday at 3-30.

STARTING SATURDAY NEXT!

at the

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road)

The great triumph of living photography the Screen Masterpiece that has cost full Fifteen Lakhs of Rupees to produce

KISMET

The tremendously powerful Islamic Story of Baghdad thousand years ago. The world renowned Stage play Depicted on the Screen with Sumptuous eclat, pomp and grandeur.

An Oriental Drama from end to end.

KISMET

Starring the greatest living actor of America

OTIS SKINNER

as Hajj the beggar of Baghdad.

KEEP READY—SATURDAY NEXT

for this magnificent spectacle of a glorious epoch of the Caliphs.

The charming Romance of the handsome Caliph—hundreds of the beauties of the Harem—the enchanting Scenes of Zenana Spleandour—the dazzling spectacle of the ancient city of the mighty Caliphs—

A TALE OF LOVE, REVENGE, VILLAINY RETRIBUTION,

KISMET

First Five parts Saturday next!

An unparalleled, stupendous Picture specially secured at a fabulous cost for the Parsi New Year week by

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road)

ILLUSTRATED

SUNDAY EDITION

Bombay Chronicle.

An excellent medium for Advertisements.

Popular among All Classes.

MODERATE RATES ON APPLICATION.

Old Safety Razor Blades

We resharpen Gillette, Clemak, Auto Durham, etc., Blades keen as new at Re. 1-2 doz. Under six, As. 2 each. For 100 shaves from 1 Gillette Blade use "Twinplex" stropper, Rs. 12 each. All Post Free. MATHEWS & CO., 8, Medows Street (opposite Cavendish).

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD, PHONE 3455.

THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT

TO-DAY at 5, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

"CHANDRAHASA"

Kohinoor Film Production

SNUB POLLARD COMEDY.

COMING SATURDAY SEPT 9th

PEARL WHITE

IN "THE QUEEN SEEKS DISTRACTION"

A Pathe Serial in 15 Continuous Episodes

THE EXCELSIOR.

NEXT SATURDAY 9th AT 5-30

SPECIAL MATINEE AT HALF-PRICES

of the greatest Comedy of the ENGLISH CASTE System ever written

"THE ADMIRABLE CRICHTON"

SEE THE GREAT KHADDAR SCENE IN Act III.

This is the first time Khaddar has ever been worn on the European Street.

PRICE Rs. 3,—2,—1,—8, Annas. BOOKING AT ROSE AND Co.

Balwant Sangit Natak Mandali.

GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE

will perform on

Friday 8th and Saturday 9th September 1922 at 8-40 p. m.

NEW PERFORMANCE ! NEW PERFORMANCE !

ACTS] **UGRA MANGAL** [1—5

and

Sunday the 10th September 1922 at 8-30 a. m.

ACTS] **RAJASANYAS** [1—5

Plan and Tickets can be had at the Madhavashram.

Rates of Tickets Rs. 5, 4, 3. 2-8, 1-8, 1-2 & 0-10.

K. P. PANDIT,

Manager for Bombay Season.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30, p. m.

BANDMAN EASTERN Circuit Ltd. present JACK CRICHTON & ERIC MASTERS' LONDON Co.

THE WILL O' TH' WISPS

Plans at Messrs. S. Rose & Co., Ltd. up to 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre

---

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-15, and 10 P. M.

"SMOULDERING EMBERS"

featuring

FRANK KEENAN

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY

AT 6-30; 8-15 and 10 P. M.

Owing to the Tremendous Success and to suit the convenience of our Patrons, we are showing for a few nights only.

WOW! WHAT A CIRCUS

FOR KIDS AND GROWN-UPS!

"THE KID" HIMSELF!

Starring in his own Comedy

JACKIE COOGAN

JACKIE COOGAN

The world's most talked-of child IN HIS OWN SPECIAL COMEDY

'PECK'S BAD BOY'

'PECK'S BAD BOY'

Written by Iron S Cobb, the world's funniest Writer.

HE WILL BE ACCLAIMED AS THE GREATEST DOG ACTOR EVER SEEN IN FILMS.

And he is only one of the many reasons why you should see "Peck's Bad Boy" featuring Jackie Coogan.

!! TO-NIGHT !! !! TO-NIGHT !!

IMPERIAL

PRESENTS

A SOCIAL SUPER PRODUCTION.

MALTI-MADHAV

TOGETHER WITH

SELECTED DANCES

BY

Miss Lina Velentine

BOTH PRODUCED BY

Kohinoor Films Co.

DADAR.

Always a Good Show.

Benefit Performance! Benefit Performance

In Aid of St. John's Ambulance Bridge

Under Public Patronage

LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT NATAK MANDALI

Founded by

LATE Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSALE,

will stage at the

GRANT ROAD, "BOMBAY THEATRE," BOMBAY.

on

Saturday, 9th Sept. 1922 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)

and

Sunday 10th Sept. 1922 at 3 p. m. (S.T.)

SATTECHE GULAM

Proprietors

AMUSEMENTS

To-night 9-30 p.m. To-night 9-30 p.m.

GAIETY THEATRE, FORT,

THE INCOMPARABLE, IN IMITABLE

Dr. ALVARO

P. S. D., M. M. C., & M. S. E. W. (LONDON)

The ONE and only SCIENTIFIC DEMONSTRATOR of the ELEMENTS of

THE OCCULT SCIENCE . . .

SPIRITUALIST . . . . . .

MAGICIAN, HYPNOTIST. . .

AND

MIND. READER. . . . . .

WILL PRESENT MOST HUMOROUS SENSATIONAL AND EXCITING PROGRAMME OF 1001 MYSTERIES.

"MAN DO YOU KNOW THY SELF."

If In Doubt Consult DR. ALVARO:

N. B.—Plan open for Booking at the Theatre from 11 a. m.

RATES:—Rs. 10, 5, 3-8, 3, 2-8, 2, 1-8, 1, As. 8.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 6th Sept. 1922.	Total since 1st June, 1922.	June 1st to 6th Sept. 1921.	June 1st to 6th Sept. 1920.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory) ..	0.09	63.85	72.93	35.86
Fort (St. George's Hospital)	--	--	76.48	41.01
Esplanade (Gok. To). Hospital) ..	0.02	59.16	69.80	39.95
Byculla (J. J. Hospital) ..	0.05	64.05	74.37	40.17
Kemp & Co., (Cumballa Hill)	--	--	--	--

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	HIGH WATER. Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER. Depth on Sill.
	Sept	h. m.	ft. in.	Sept	h. m.	ft. in.
Th.	7	m 0 4a	27 6	7	m 5 34	17 1
					6 2a	16 11
F.	8	m 0 10	26 11	8	m 6 5	17 1
		0 30a	27 5		6 30a	16 9
S.	9	m 0 51	27 0	9	m 6 31	17 4
		0 55a	26 2		6 58a	16 8
S.	10	m 1 31	26 10	10	m 7 11	17 9
		1 20a	26 9		7 26a	16 10
M.	11	m 1 53	26 6	11	m 7 43	18 5
		1 48a	26 3		7 57a	17 3
Tu.	12	m 2 19	26 0	12	m 8 17	19 2
		2 19a	25 9		8 31a	17 7
W.	13	m 11 38	27 5	13	m 5 6	17 8
		11 48a	26 9		53 4a	77 4

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week.

		A.M. Sunrise	P.M. Sunset
Sept.	7 (Thursday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 50m.
,,	8 (Friday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 49m.
,,	9 (Saturday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 48m.
,,	10 (Sunday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 47m.
,,	11 (Monday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 46m.
,,	12 (Tuesday)	6h. 24m.	6h. 45m.
,,	13 (Wednesday)	6h. 24m.	6h. 50m.

Phases of the Moon.—Full Moon, Sept. 6th 1h, 17·2m.p.m.; Last Quarter, 14th, 3h 50·0m. p.m.; New Moon, 21st, 10th. 8·3m. a.m.; Quarter 28th, 4h, 10·4m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 6th September 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rain has been nearly general in the north and east of the division. Rawalpindi reports 0.47in., Lahore 0.34in., Hissar 0.14in. and Delhi 0.34in. Skies are lightly clouded at Rawalpindi and Multan and moderately or heavily clouded at other stations. Humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature was below normal at Rawalpindi and Delhi while night temperature was above it at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain. Agra reports a heavy fall of 2.16in. while Allahabad had 0.17in., Cawnpore 0.19in. and Jhansi 0.78in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature was nearly normal or lower than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Rajputana. Mount Abu and Kotah respectively report very heavy falls of 5.37in. and 3.10in. while Ajmer had 0.30in. and Bikaner 0.58in. Skies are clear or lightly clouded in Sind and moderately or heavily clouded in Rajputana. Humidity is in defect at Jodhpur and in excess at other stations in Rajputana. Day temperature was below normal in south and east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Deesa and Neemuch each report very heavy falls of 4.80in. of rain while Ahmedabad had 0.27in. Skies are in general heavily clouded and at Neemuch and in Cutch and north Gujarat humidity is in excess. Day temperature was below normal at Bhuj, Deesa and Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor and Amraoti report 0.21in. and 0.16in. of rain respectively. Skies are moderately clouded and at Khandwa humidity is in defect. Day temperature was nearly normal or below the average.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri and Karwar report 0.12in. and 0.42in. of rain respectively. Skies are heavily clouded at Bombay and lightly or moderately clouded at other stations.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been insignificant. Skies are moderately clouded. At Malegaon humidity is in defect and day temperature was above the average.

General Remarks.—The area of low pressure lies this morning over Rajputana and has given heavy rain in south Rajputana and the adjacent parts of north Gujarat and Central India West. Rain has decreased in the Central Provinces and the monsoon is weak in the Peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly normal in north Gujarat, Rajputana, the United Provinces and the north and east Punjab and local on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Central India West. A few falls have occurred in the Central Provinces. Kotah, Neemuch, Mount Abu and Deesa respectively report very heavy falls of 3.10in., 4.80in., 5.37in., and 4.80in. and Agra had 2.16in. Falls at other stations lie within an inch. Day temperature was below normal in and about south and east Rajputana and the west United Provinces. The sea has become rough at Colombo.

Forecast.—An extension of rain is likely in the west Punjab and Kathiawar and a decrease is probable in Central India West and south-east Rajputana.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 5th September 1922.

The monsoon has given widespread rain in the central parts of the country and aided by a western depression has extended up to the North-West Frontier. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the east Punjab, east Rajputana, Central India East, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, north Hyderabad, Mysore, and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, the north Punjab, north-east Baluchistan, Central India West, Malabar, the Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in Kashmir and Gujarat.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Rangoon, Toungoo, Myitkyina one and a half inches; Monywa, Cherrapunji three; Dibrugarh, Silchar two; Jalpaiguri one and a half; Balasore, Purnea, Patna one; Meerut three; Bareilly, Dehra Dun one; Simla, Dalhousie one; Harnai two; Udaipur one; Nowgong two; Seoni, Pachmarhi one and a half.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON WEDNESDAY, THE 6TH OF SEPT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in Shade. Max. of Past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity At 8 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	--	--	--	--	--	--
Do. 5th	91.1	81.0	66	--	0.01	-0.01
Jask	92.3	82.0	81	--	0.03	-0.03
Muskat	85.3	79.9	82	--	0.17	-0.17
Do. 5th	88.8	81.8	86	--	0.17	-0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	103.0	82.5	74	--	6.82	-6.82
Rawalpindi	88.7	74.1	82	0.47	15.24	-4.37
Lahore	94.5	81.3	82	0.34	6.04	-7.23
Hissar	87.4	75.8	94	0.14	10.87	+0.59
Ambala	90.6	6.8	86	0.06	24.68	+4.07
Delhi	86.0	77.6	91	0.34	15.82	-8.58
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	87.8	77.0	94	2.16	23.22	+1.71
Mainpuri	86.8	6.1	92	0.05	30.06	+10.04
Jhansi	89.9	75.2	92	0.78	28.10	+5.09
Cawnpore	87.7	77.8	92	0.19	29.97	+13.65
Allahabad	89.1	77.0	86	0.17	26.96	+6.47
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobanad	98.2	83.4	55	--	0	-3.12
Karachi	86.2	77.4	83	--	1.66	-2.93
Ajmer	88.8	74.4	88	0.30	10.13	-3.31
Jalpur	88.8	76.2	87	0.09	4.82	-4.89
Kotah	84.6	75.0	91	3.10	24.38	+3.86
Mount Abu	68.6	65.0	97	5.37	30.48	-10.82
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	86.0	76.4	95	0.04	5.39	-6.80
Dwarka	83.0	77.9	87	--	6.39	-6.60
Veraval	81.6	78.6	85	--	8.74	-0.91
Rajkot	86.7	73.7	91	0.02	11.75	-10.26
Bhavnagar Para	89.6	75.6	88	--	12.34	-6.16
Surat	86.2	77.2	88	0.08	31.79	-3.37
Ahmedabad	89.0	74.9	93	0.17	24.16	-0.02
Deesa	86.6	73.4	95	4.80	28.00	+9.73
Neemuch	76.1	70.8	96	4.80	33.80	+9.50
Indore	81.6	70.6	78	0.05	20.19	-4.07
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Jubbulpore	88.6	73.5	84	0.02	48.19	+8.93
Saugor	81.8	70.8	93	0.21	41.42	+6.95
Hosangabad	81.9	73.4	94	0.09	38.11	-7.97
Khandwa	88.2	72.7	67	--	8.94	-18.02
Akola	87.2	72.5	77	--	24.37	+1.01
Amraoti	83.4	73.0	85	0.16	31.12	-9.74
Nagpur	83.4	73.8	76	--	37.13	-0.98
Chanda	84.8	75.8	86	--	39.76	+0.28
Raipur	83.6	75.1	87	--	41.88	+8.16
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.1	77.4	85	0.09	63.85	+4.92
Ratnagiri	89.8	74.1	93	0.12	91.04	+5.93
Marmugao	89.6	74.2	93	0.05	64.03	+4.18
Karwar	84.2	74.0	94	0.42	99.84	-4.46
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	91.8	69.9	65	--	8.32	-5.43
Ahmednagar	88.7	65.4	80	0 01	7.86	-4.84
Poona	80.8	67.7	81	0.03	12.29	-5.43
Sholapur	89.7	69.5	70	--	11.07	-4.10
Bijapur	85 9	66.5	77	--	6.76	-4.60
Belgaum	76.9	66.0	91	0.06	35.25	+0.89
Aurangabad	85.2	67.0	84	--	16.86	-1.96
Nizamabad (Indur)	84.9	71.2	78	--	15.53	-10.43
Hyderabad	83.8	70.2	86	--	15.39	-4.09
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	85.2	73.8	86	0.77	112.18	+13.69
Calicut	81.0	74.6	97	0.15	44.79	-13.32
Cochin	84.7	73.9	86	0.04	3.54	+0.10
Colombo	87.8	74.6	96	0.04	13.56	-3.90
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	91.2	79.2	68	--	13.86	-3.10
Bellary	91.7	70.7	60	0 01	2.2	-4.36
Cuddapah	95.0	78.0	58	--	3.98	-6.97
Madras	91.2	78.2	66	--	9.61	-3.24
Bangalore	81.8	64.6	86	--	9.10	-4.61
Coimbatore	89.0	68.2	70	--	3.41	-0.0
Trichinopoly	87.4	76.4	67	--	3.8	-3.22
Negapatam	91.2	76.4	69	--	3.5	+0.88

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Sept. 5th:

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	10,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	...
" " Sales of East Indian	150
" " Import	...
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—	
Mid. American Spot	13 44
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	17 50
New York, 11 a.m. Oct.	21 54
(As known in Liverpool at Jan.	21 60
closing time.) Mar.	21 66
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct.	20 97
Jan.	21 16

OPENING TONE AND PRICES:

Liverpool, Sept. 5th:

Months.	To-day's price.
September	12 71—5
Oct.	12 61+1
November	...
December	...
January	12 37 Unchgd.
February	...
March	12 31—1
April	...
May	12 18—4
June	...
July	...

CLOSING PRICES:

Liverpool, Sept. 5th:

Months.	To-day's Price.
Sept.	12 44—32
Oct.	12 29—31
Nov.	12 16—29
Dec.	12 11—31
Jan.	12 05—31
Feb.	12 03—33
Mar.	12 00—31
April	11 95—32
May	11 91—31
June	11 85—31
July	11 80—30
August	11 74—30

Tone:—Weak

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

London, Sept. 5th.

Months.	To-day's Price.
Sept.	16 70—28
Oct.	16 90—25
Nov.	17 00—25
Dec.	17 05—25
Jan.	17 10—25
Feb.	17 20—25
Mar.	17 30—28
April	17 40—25
May	17 50—28

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 5th:

Ord. G. Benga.	8 50
" " Fully Good	8 90
" " Fine	9 30
" " No. 1 Oomra Good	10 20
" " " Fully Good	10 60
" " " Fine	11 00
M. G. Broach Good	11 20
" " Fully Good	11 60
" " Fine	12 00
M. G. Scinde Good	8 40
" " Fully Good	8 50
" " Fine	9 20

AMERICAN MARKETS:

New York, Sept. 5th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	46,000
" Exports to Great Britain	8,000
" " to Continent	25,000
Futures at New York Oct.	21 10—84
" " " Dec.	21 30—90
" " " Jan.	21 15—94
" " " Mar.	21 23—92
Spot Cotton, at New York	21 35—90
" " at New Orleans	21 00—75
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	20 43—98
" at New Orleans Jan.	20 69—91
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)	...
Demand Bills	10 3/16
Silver Commercial U. S. mint	99 1/4
Do. Foreign	70 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 5th

Oct.	21 10—84
Dec	22 30—90
Futures at New York. Jan	21 15—94
Mar	21 23—92
Liverpool, Sept. 5th	
Oct.	12 29—32
Jan.	12 06—31
Cotton Del. M.U. G.O.S. Liverpool Mar.	12 00—31
May.	11 91—31
London, Sept. 5th	
Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 2/32 Steady
Bar Gold	£ 4-12 3 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	35 5/8 Steady

General Merchants,
Get your CASH MEMOS
PRINTED AT THE
Bombay Chronicle Press
Rates according to size required.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 5th:

Rentes 3%	61 3/4
Bar Silver Spot	35 5/8
" 2 months hence	35 5/8

Closing Tone of silver:—India bought steady.

Interest day to day loans	1 3/4
" 7 day Market loans	1 1/2
Discount, Bank of England Rates 3 p/c. since 17th July 1922.	3

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Sept. 5th:

WHEAT:

Rosario Santa Fe 62 1/2 lbs. Aug.-Sep. Sellers	45/8
Barletta Russo 63 lbs. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	44/3
Australian 62 lbs. Aug. Value	50/6

Tone:—Steadier.

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 18 1/8
Hongkong	£ 117
National	£ 43 3/4
P. & O. Banking Corp.	£ 14 3/8
Eastern Bank	£ 5 1/4

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore real Bold Sept.-Oct. Value	£ 16 1/4
Rapeseed, Yellow Guserat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	...
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Sept-Oct. Value	£ 15 1/4

Tone of Rapeseed:—Dull.

Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Nominal	...

Tone of Linseed:—

Cottonseed, Bombay sound delivered per ton Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£ 8 1/4
Toria Rapeseed Sept.-Oct. Value	£ 17
Linseed, Argentine Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£ 17

Tone:—Dull.

METALS:

English best Selected Copper	66
Standard Copper G. M. B.	63 1/8
Copper Braziers	83
Yellow Metal	£ 3/16
Hard Spelter	24 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	£ 16 3/8

WAR LOANS, ETC:

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	£ 86 7/8—3/8
Victory Bonds 4%	£ 88 1/4+1/4
War loan 5% 1929/47	£ 100 1/16—3
Consols 2 1/2%	£ 57 3/8+1/8
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	37 Unchgd.
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	68 1/4+1/4
Govt. Securities 3%	57 1/4
7 p/c. Indian Loan	£ 115 1/2

RUBBER:

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Oct.-Nov	10 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. Paid Buyers	6 7/8
Freight of Coal, Cardiff to Bombay	20

Tone:—Fully steady.

JAVA SUGAR:

Brown Sugar 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Sellers	19/7 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Sellers	21
Do. Do. Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21/1 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21/9
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Oct. Dec. Sellers	21/10 1/2

Tone:—

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Sept. 6.

To-day Reuter reported a fall of 84 points in New York futures. The decline was due to absence of buying power and on selling by South. Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' Liverpool friends Messrs. Charles Stewart & Co., cable under date 5/9/22 as under:—

"We think present prices safe, even if the market should go temporarily lower."

Private Liverpool telegrams still report that the crop continues deteriorating. We think market may go lower in the near future as the trade outlook is still poor. We would advise our friends to buy rather than sell on any further breaks.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for F.G., M.G. Broach April/May at Rs. 480 and eased to Rs. 476½ on jobbers selling. The prices fluctuated within a range of three rupees and the rate at 4 p.m. ruled Rs. 477. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 478. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 477 and closed at Rs. 477. Fine M.G. Oomra September opened at Rs. 478 and went down to Rs. 476½ on Marwari brokers and commission Houses selling. Again advanced to Rs. 479 on an office buying. At the rate of Rs. 477½ the Bull clique began to buy heavily and the prices improved to Rs. 488. After fluctuating the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 486. Fine M.G. Oomra December/January was Rs. 427 and Bengal December/January Rs. 354 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton was closed yesterday.

To-day's tenders for Oomra September are as follows:—

Berar	20,000 bales.
C. provinces No. 1	5,800 bales.
C. provinces No. 2	6,600 bales.
Total	32,400 bales.

Total tenders upto date are as under:—

Berar	1,05,700 bales
Central provinces No. 1	88,900 bales.
Central provinces No. 2	29,300 bales.
Total	1,73,900 bales.

COTTON STATISTICS.

Bombay, Sept. 5th.

WEEKLY REPORT:

	1922-1923 Rs.	1921-1922 Rs.
Receipts for the bi-week from 1st Sept. 1922 to 4th Sept. 1922	5,518	10,845
Receipts from 1st September 1926 to 4th Sept. 1922	5,518	10,845
Shipment for the bi-week from 1st Sept. 1922 to 4th Sept. 1922		
Europe	7,694	15,742
China, Japan and Coast Ports	9,352	21,279
Total	17,046	37,021
Total shipments from 1st September 1922 to 4th Sept. 1922	17,046	37,021
Afloat in Harbour Europe	1,749	6,344
Afloat in China, Japan and Coast Ports	Nil	1,028
Total	1,749	7,372

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, Sept. 6th:

		Rs.
F. G. Broach	April/May	477
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan.	351
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	425
" "	Sept.	497

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS:

Bombay, Sept. 6th

		Rs.
F. G. Broach	April/May	478
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan.	353
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	427
" "	Sept.	486

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 6th.

Description, Super Fine Good				
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	380	360	340	...
M. G. Oomra's No. 3	500	460	465	...
M. G. Central P. No. 1	549	520	505	...
M. G. Central P. No. 2	525	495	490	...
M. G. Broach	...	510	500	490
Southerns	...	530	520	510

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 5th Sept. 1922.

Cotton	1522 Bs.
Wheat	22109 Cwts.
Linseed	2213 "
Rape, etc.	969 "
Gingellyseed	28 "
Poppyseed	10 "
Groundnuts	530 "
Castorseed	2613 "
Rice	9283 "
Myrabollams	293 "
Cottonseed	8920 "
Mowraseed	884 "
Gram	10112 "
Jawar	1360 "
Masur	80 "
Barley	3 "
Bajra	1423 "
Coal	1959 Tons.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 6th:

	Market Rates:
Bank Telegraphic	1-3 9/16
Bank Demand	1-3 19/32
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s	1-3 3/4
Fox Demand	368
American Dollars	346
Honkong Dollars	202
Shanghai	274
Japan	164 1/2
Singapore	180

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Sept. 6.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 26-13-6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 26-13-6.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 26-14-6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 92-7-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 92-7-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 92-8-0.

EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rate Bank's selling T T Rs. 1/3 17/32.
B. C. Bank's selling D D 1/3 9/16.
On London Bank's selling T T 1/3 19/32.
On London Bank's selling D D Rs. 1/3 19/32.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 25532.
On London Bank's buying T T Rs. 1/3 21/32.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/3 11/16.
Tone of Exchange Quiet Market.
On Paris Bank's selling D D Frcs. 366.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 386.
On Paris Bank's buying D D Frcs. 376.
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 165½.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 161.
On Hongkong Bank's selling D D Rs. 202.
On Singapore Bank's selling D D Rs. 180.
On New York Bank's selling D D Rs. 346.
London Gold ready sh. 92-3.
London Silver ready d. 35-10.
London Silver forward d. 35-10.
Tone of silver Steady. India bought.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange dollars 4.47-½.
French Exchange Frcs. 57.10.
Swiss Exchange Frcs. 23.50.
Belgium Exchange Frcs. 60.60.
Italian Exchange Liras. 103.00.
German Exchange Mrks. 6300.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 57/8.
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 83.
4 per cent Terminable Loan Rs. 98.
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 Rs. 100.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 Rs. 100/12.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 Rs. 100/4.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932 Rs. 100/4.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 103/12.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.

The Share Market is close to-day.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, Sept. 5th.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m. 10 a.m. 4 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	Inches	29.78
Temperature of Air	Degrees	80.5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	"	76.9
Dew Point	"	74.1
Relative humidity of Air		0.88
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)		6.4
Maximum temperature of Air	Degrees	84.1
Minimum do do	"	77.6
General direction of Wind		
from midnight to midnight		WSW, W, WSW, SW
Movement of Wind do	miles.	136
Fall of Rain	Inches	0.15
Total fall during month	"	1.07
Do. do. year	"	61.15
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th	"	0.08

POLICE ASSAULTS ON AKALIS.

HARROWING SCENES AT GURU-KA-BAGH.

TESTIMONY OF PRESS REPRESENTATIVES.

We have received the following telegram dated the 5th instant from Amritsar:—

On the 4th September a "jatha" of Akalis from Gurdaspur, about 100 in number, left the Golden Temple about 9-15. The "jathadar" was Mr. Khurruck Singh. By two the "jatha" reached Chirma Bridge, the scene of the previous day's beating, about 8 miles from Amritsar. There were some military policemen and some more came later. There were about seven mounted policemen headed by Mr. Beaty. Also the naib tahsildar was there. The "jatha" squatted on the road chanting as usual and leaving space for traffic. Mounted and other policemen chased the onlookers for furlongs through fields. By that time twelve carbine men came and were posted in front of the "jatha." By 2-15 Pandit M. M. Malaviya came with Prof. Ruchiram Sahni, the editor of the "Loyal Gazette", the editor, "Jathedar", and another. Malaviyaji told the Press that he had just seen Mr. Beaty and had been assured there would be no beating. During the chase some people had some things removed from them. One case was reported to Mr. Beaty without effect. Mr. Beaty sent away all including Prof. Ruchiram, who, however, returned as representative of "The Tribune." The Hon. Mr. Jogindra Singh was also sent away. Prof. Ruchiram asked Mr. Beaty to search a policeman who had a sheet under the coat. Mr. Beaty refused. Later the man was discovered to have the sheet.

Sardar Tarasingh, headmaster, Khalsa Collegiate School, came in a car with some others. They informed the Press that all of them, some fifteen members of the Chief Khalsa Dewan coming with the Deputy Commissioner's permit, were molested. Mr. Tarasingh had his spectacles and purse removed. Mr. Mohansingh of Tarntaran had a push. Several other respectable gentlemen reported that they were molested. It is reported that in the course of the chasing of the onlookers and holding up of visitors, money, ear-rings, etc., were taken away. Mr. Sundaram of "The Independent" told the naib tahsildar that a policeman had fifty rupees suspected to be stolen and pointed out the policeman. The naib waved his hands and went away.

MALAVIYAJI ON THE SCENE.

Malaviyaji after a talk with Mr. Beaty left for Guru-ka-bagh about 3-30 along with Messrs. Jogindra Singh, Jodhsingh, Ruchiram, Bakhtawar Singh, M.L.C. and a member of the Chief Khalsa Diwan. Mr. Beaty said the giving of refreshments to the "Jatha" would not be allowed. Malaviyaji returned at six. Between 3 and 7 there was no development, Akalis continuing to occupy the position chanting.

At 7-30 Mr. Beaty told Malaviyaji and the Press there would be no beating and that the Akalis would walk back to their villages if only the onlookers left. He said the Akalis had no heart in it, but continued as people were watching. All then left the spot, including the ambulance people and all but three Press representatives, Prof. Ruchiram, Bakhshi Singh of the S. G. P. Committee and Atiki. These three also retired to a distance of about a hundred yards and sat off the road, the position being unobservable. Malaviyaji went up to a spot about four furlongs off. Policemen at about 8 began pushing, carrying and dragging the Akalis, who, however, resisted passively. One Akali cried, "We will die rather than turn back." Another said, "Saheb, don't force me back. This is *zoolum*. We will not go back."

DRAGGED AND THROWN INTO DITCH.

Some Akalis received beating and were dragged and thrown into the ditch. Mr. Rampal, who saw this, called Mr. Beaty. At this five policemen surrounded him and dealt four blows. Prof. Ruchiram who also saw the beating called for Mr. Beaty. Four policemen approached him and flourished *lathies* threateningly. Some more Akalis were being carried. Among the first Akalis carried back were three white turbanned men believed to be non-Akalis. This was mentioned to Mr. Beaty who only said he did not produce them from his pocket. All Jatha Akalis had black turbans. Mr. Beaty put some Akalis in the ambulance cars to be driven to Amritsar. The dragging of Akalis went on for about two or three hours.

At 10-30 policemen charged the remaining Akalis, about seventy in number, beat them, dragged them by the hair and beard and threw them into the ditches. Soon after some of the Akalis rearranged themselves on the road. Three or four among those in cars slipped down and came back.

Shortly after 11 about twenty Akalis who had remained sat on the road. The Jathedar, Mr. Kharksingh, having been left wounded, Mr. Jogasingh was selected Jathedar. At 12-30 a.m. they moved on and proceeded about 300 yards, when they were charged by policemen and beaten, some severely, and left unconscious, some groaning. It should be added that in the interval between 10-30 and 12-30 the police were not found on the road.

A HEART-RENDING SCENE.

On the same day at Gurka-bagh twenty-five Akalis in batches of five proceeded to the garden. They were all beaten severely with *lathis* by Gurkha policemen. Those who got up were beaten and thrown down. This was done again and again as several Akalis got up more than once. Malaviyaji, the Hon. Mr. Jogindra Singh, Prof. Ruchiram, Prof. Jodhsingh, Mr. Bakhtawar Singh, M.L.C., Mr. Amarsingh of the "Loyal Gazette", Mr. Charnsingh, editor, "Jathedar", and many members of the Chief Khalsa Diwan witnessed this and several were moved to tears. Information reached the Press that supplies for Akalis at Guru-ka-bagh, about a thousand in number, were taken away by the policemen. Even milk was not allowed to reach the wounded Akalis. Akalis have set up hand-grinding mills and grind their own corn, chanting "Wahaguru."

In surrounding villages terrorism prevails. Many villagers were seen bearing fifteen to thirty lash marks. They are reported to have been beaten for sending supplies to Akalis. Serious allegations of extortion by police were made."

(Sd.) Professor Ruchiram, "Tribune",
G. A. Sundaram, "Independent",
G. C. Rampal, "Bande Mataram",
B. M. Varma, "Swarajya",
U. S. Gyani, "Akali" and "Pardesi."

TRIAL OF NINE AKALI LEADERS.

PT. MALAVIYA APPEARS FOR DEFENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, 6 Sept.

Hearing of the case in which nine members of the Working Committee of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabhandhak Committee are prosecuted under section 117, 147, 447 and 379 I.P.C. abetment of rioting and criminal trespass and theft, opened on the 5th before Nawab Asalam Hyat Khan, Additional District Magistrate, Amritsar. The accused are Sardar Mahtabsingh Jathedar, President Bhagat Jaswantsingh, General Secretary Sardar Narainsingh, Secretary Sardar Sahibsingh, Assistant Secretary Master Tarasingh, member, executive committee, Sardar Sarmukhsingh Jhapal, President Shirmani Akali Dal Sardar Rawelsingh, Tejasingh Shoharkana, Assistant President, Akali Dal Sardar Rawelsingh, Secretary, District Gurdwara Committee and Baba Mersingh of Patti, member, executive committee.

Principal witness for the prosecution at the hearing was Mirza Mirajdin, Honorary Deputy Superintendent in charge, Amritsar, city Kotwali, who deposed to the constitution and membership of the Shiromani Gurdwara Committee and stated that the committee at its start comprised about 180 members. It had an executive committee consisting of 30 or 40 members and a working committee of seven or nine members. He stated that the accused were office-bearers of the Shiromani Committee. Witness stated that the Shiromani Committee leaders who had been arrested in connection with the Gurdwara keys affairs were released on 18th January, 1922 and on return from jail they started agitation about the Gurdwara bill.

Sardar Mahtab Singh protested that witness was going beyond the limits of the case which related to the cutting of trees.

Witness could not go into Gurdwara agitation without showing the connection of the whole committee which was a registered body with the alleged offence. Witness put in press communiques of the Shiromani Committee dated 19th July and 1st August respectivey, in the latter of which the Finance member's Punjab speech was criticised. The former communique was obtained from the office of the "Vakil" newspaper and the latter from Mr. Gurbakhshrai Sethi. Witness stated that trees at Guru-ka-Bagh were first cut on August 8. Accused were arrested on August 26. Witness was on leave till August 28, when he returned.

Sardar Mahtabsingh objected that witness could give only direct evidence and could not depose to things which were not within his personal knowledge.

Witness stated that on return from leave he was also put on the investigation of the case on August 30 and 31. The Shiromani Committee's office and the office of the Akali Dal were searched and out of the documents seized witness put in a number which he said referred to the case. These include a number of placards in Gurmukhi and Urdu together with their translations—a pamphlet on the constitution of the Shiromani Committee in Gurmukhi and a letter addressed to the Committee.

Other witnesses Messrs Gurbakhshrai Sethi and Adbul Karim proved the handing over by them to first witness of the respective communiques of the Shiromani Committee. Accused not having got copies of documents applied for the same. The court adjourned the case to the next day. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya appeared for some of the accused.

2 SIKH M. L. C.'S APPEAL.

BEATING OF AKALIS BY POLICE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 5.

Two members of the Punjab Legislative Council, Sardars Sangat Singh and Baba Hardit Singh Bedi, who are at present at Amritsar, after watching the Akalis situation and Guru-ka-bagh affair have issued note to the press requesting Government to take immediate steps to stop the unfortunate affair and appealing to the moderate and extremist sections of the Sikhs to intervene and bring about an amicable settlement before the situation became worse. They add that they had a talk with the Deputy Commissioner, Amritsar, and what they gathered from their conversation with him was that there was no likelihood of any compromise until Akali Jathas ceased to muster strong there. They requested the Commissioner to allow them to have an interview with Sardar Mehtab Singh on the subject, but were refused permission. They also refer to the beating of Akalis by police.

"SITUATION GENERALLY UNCHANGED."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 4.

Akali situation is generally unchanged. Last night, the police dragged the remaining lot of Akalies away and removed them to Amritsar by motor-cars.

Neither St. John Ambulance lorries were used nor had any battles taken place, as reported by the "Civil and Military Gazette".

Another Jatha about one hundred strong, representing Gurudaspur District left this morning, at 10 o'clock. They were allowed to proceed without hindrance three miles beyond Rajasansi, but the crowd was, later on, forced back by the police. The Akalis now face each other on the roadway.

Pandit Malaviya is appearing for the defence in the case of the Crown versus Sardar Bahadur Mehtabsing and eight other members of the Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee.

Three accused in a case at the Guru-ka-bagh having apologised in the open court, the case against them has been withdrawn.

STILL THEY COME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITAR, Sept. 5.

Yesterday's Jatha was dispersed late last night by the Deputy Superintendent of Police. Motor-cars brought the injured to Amritsar during the night. To-day's Jatha, hundred and odd strong, left Amritsar at 10 a.m. It was dispersed by personal orders of the District Magistrate. At 2 p.m. the injured men were removed by motors as usual. Returning Akalis of to-day's Jatha represented Lyallpore District. The rumour that the District Magistrate was assaulted on 31st August is incorrect.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 6.

S S Banca, Williams, Kobe.
S S Ausktrange, Maique, Java

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 6.

S S Nagina Sligtham, Karachi.
S S Karoa, Cammack, Durban, etc.
S S Summersetshire Midgby Mauritius.

The following vessel began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Calanda, for Antwerp.

S S Banca:—The P and O S N Company's steamer Banca, 5995 tons, Captain Williams, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Austrage:—The steamer Austrange, 2843 tons Captain W. Marque, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, with a cargo of sugar.

S S Karoa:—The B I S N Company's African mail steamer Karoa, [illegible] Captain P R Cammack, sailed yesterday from harbour for Durban, etc., with [illegible] general cargo and passengers.

S S Nagina:—The B I S N Company's steamer Nagina 4090 tons, Captain C. S. Sligtham, sailed yesterday from harbour for Karachi with ballas.

EQPORTS

Sept, 6.

S S Plassy for London:—16 3/4 cwt ivory, H Lalji and Co., 17 bdles pecian lamb skins, Cox's Shipping Agency Ltd. 4 bdles woolen carpets Cox's shipping Agenty Ltd. 18 cwt gum Arabia A. Tavebally.

S S Plassey for Marseilles:—12 cwts dry casings Ad. Meyer.

S S Nerkara for Hamburg—55 bales Indian cotton, Hirjee Nensey nd Co.; 56 bales Indian cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.; 60 African cotton raw, N M K Kaisha; 1000 cwt Ajwan seed, Volkart Bros.

S S Merkara for Antwerf:—280 bales Indian cotton, Ralli Bros.;

S S Merkara for Ghent:—640 bales Indian cotton, Patel Bros.

S S Castalia for Liverpool:—400 bales Indian cotton, Patel Bros.; 400 bales E. African cotton, H M Mehta and Co. 9 bales raw wool, Cox Shiping Agency Ltd 37 bales raw wool, E D Sassoon and Co. Ltd. 1500 tons manganese ore, J Finlay and Co. Ltd.

S S Castalia for Marseilles:—105 cwt gum Arabic, J Nabheram; 1,000 cwt rapeseed Volvart Bros.

S S Castalia for Glasgow:50 bales hemp, M B Kaisha Ltd,

S S City of Calcutt for Liverpool:—50 bales cotton fly, P H Vaza.

S S Malwa for London:—15 bales cow hides tanned, D E Boyce and Sons.

S S Nile for New York:—100 bales cotton waste, B Meyer and Co.

S S Nile for Philadelphia:—186 casks goat skins S M A Kabarbakh

S S Gyoko Maru for Kobe:—100 bales Indian Cotton raw, N M K Kaisha; 509 bales Indian Cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Honolulu Maru for K[illegible]:—300 bales Indian cotton, G Dossa and Co.

S S Honolulu for Hongkong:—200 bales, Indian Grey Cotton yarn, T M Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

S S Landase from Cardiff. Agents—W. R. Graham and Co.:—6,531 tons steam coal.

S S Barjora from Basra. Agents:—B I S N Co, Ltd.:—137 bdles attari, 242 bags gum, 541 bags [illegible], 2 bdles skin, 25 bdles wool, 113 bdles [illegible] dates, 1089 baskets wet dates, 14 bales [illegible], 37 bales cotton, 27 jotas cotton, 163 [illegible] cotton, 66 bags raisins, 9 bags pistas, 1[illegible] pearls, 6 bdles specie, 192 jottas assofoetida, 32 cases assafoetida, 26 bags figs, 3 bags seeds, 4863 bags dry dates, 273 boxes wet dates, 100 matbags wet dates, 4 bdles. karans, 120 bdles dry fish, 64 bdles salted fish, 5 bdles Prawns, 257 bags sardines 32 crates pomegrantes, 18 bales piece goods, 26 bags cummin seed, 1 bag khistu seed, 5 bdles old jute cloth pieces, 155 bags soji wheat flour 75 bags rava wheat flour 8000 bags wheat 125 bags flour, 10 bags rice.

S S Vasna from Basrah, Agents: British India Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.:—3 bdles Pearls, 308 bdles specie, 4311 bdles w. dates, 680 bags 50 bdls lead 3 cases soap 28 bags Almonds, 24 bags Taloobs, 50 maizi, 10 bags blue flour 291 bags brass scrps.

POONA RACING SEASON.

THIRD DAY—FIRST BIG MEETING.

OWEN ROE WINS THE GANESH KHIND PLATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

There was a crowded programme of nine events for the 3rd. Day of the Big Meeting at Poona yesterday. As the days are getting shorter it was not possible to start the first race later than 2 p.m. Passengers by the first class race special could not reach in time to witness this interesting event which was won by Mr. M. Goculdass' Baktavar. The attendance was large and the weather was fine. Most of the events were for English horses and in all large fields started. The only two events for Arab horses were the Cecil Gray Plate and the Seistan Plate. Only two favourites won and both were Mr. Mathuradass' horses. The public appeared to have been badly hit and did not appear very cheerful. However as it is certain that the publication of the next handicaps will revive hopes one can count on a large gathering at the next meeting which will be the Governor's Cup Day, the biggest day of the Poona racing season. The case of the owner, trainer and jockey of Red Cross Boy who have been suspended is still under consideration. Considerable interest is taken in the case.

The Cecil Gray Plate of 6 furlongs for Arab Ponies in the 2nd Division was a terms event and the first on the programme. With the exception of The Druid that declined the whole lot on the programme started. Mr. Heath's bracket was a shade better favourite than Baktavar and Toonah found a lot of admirers. Mr. Mathuradass' horse won from Hilal, Hatchal and Toonah dead-heated for 3rd place. It was altogether a fine race as the favourite romped home an easy winner to the great delight of his numerous supporters.

The 1st Division of the Galway Plate was the second event on the programme. Seventeen runners started in this race and Brigend was selected as the first favourite, Reciprocity next and Millmount had many backers. None of these were in the picture. Thunder, Barnett up, was hardly fancied and he won a good race from Lord Jim The second Division of the same Plate was also won by an outsider Mirabelle who returned a large dividend. In this Race Rosey Tread, the favourite came third. In this two races the public suffered terribly. Hopes were entertained when an objection was raised against Mirabelle for crossing but it was overruled.

The Wanowrie Plate of 7 furlongs for Arab Ponies saw a field of eleven out. Nevermind who carried 7-11 was considered a good thing in this race but Dublin who is at present in excellent form was too good for the favourite. Towfic who beat Nevermind is also much improved. Trade Mark crept up into fourth place. He will surely spring a surprise before the season is much older.

The Burnett Plate, 7 furlongs, for horses in the 2nd Division was a handicap event, Oresset, Zea and Dayspring declined leaving a fine field of eighteen to contest the issue. The unfortunate The Lark was again made a favourite to disappoint once more a large following. Of course, this was the most open race of the day as no less than ten horses received firm support. Quite Dark, for instance, was heavily backed and so were Divide, Whit Week and Mossley—Belle Voyageuse who has shown form lately won from Murmansk and Mossley third. We did not like the handicap of Divide who in a terms race ran recently failed to secure a place with 8-7. That was the Criterion Plate of 7 furlongs and yet in a handicap race he was allotted 8.12. The Count also was severely treated with 8-11 and we may say the same of Whit Week with 8-9. On the other hand, Mossley, Murmansk and Mimi were favourably handicapped and it is unfortunate that not one of them could secure first honour and the last named ran in the ruck perhaps to spring a surprise by and by.

The Ganeshkhind Plate, 6 furlongs, a handicap race for horses in the 1st Division, was the big event of the day and it created a good deal of speculation among the public as to who would win it. The concensus of opinion was for Galway Gate; most people did not like the handicap of Goldgainer with 9.1 and we did not like it either. Like Shylock, the handicapper, as usual, exacted his pound of flesh of Mr. Thaddeus. Goldgainer consequently had no chance against such redoubtable adversaries. Quarryman, on the contrary, was favourably treated after the display of form he has recently shown. Plymouth Rock and Nouthutweel were severely treated and nobody gave them a chance, and Owen Roe was hardly fancied, because he was not leniently treated in the handicap either and on the two occasions he ran his running was very erratic. His stable connections must have however known what he was capable of doing for he should have paid much more as far as the public was concerned because he was not backed. Owen Roe is undoubtedly a great performer. At the rate he is going he will soon be the rival of Galway Gate with level weights. What became of Galway Gate the hope of Poona and his wife not to mention Bombay and Calcutta Is Belvedere rightly placed in the 1st Division? We think not. Even Dorania, Resilient, Unitoi, and Violinist are not really horses fit to run in the 1st Division.

Nicety won the Eglinton Handicap (5 furlongs) for horses 3 years old only. Joy Girl nearly upset and the stable companion of Nicety placed third. There were many who fancied Ceremony over this distance but she came fourth. Joy Girl was very fractious going to the post. She exhausted herself and hence missed her chance.

Arvil was the best horse in the Seistan Handicap of 1 mile and he won as racing experts predicted, though the public were disappointed at the scratching of Ishallah who was well spoken of. As both of them belong to the same stable the public should have known that Arvil was a dead certainty in this race.

Details:—

THE CECIL GRAY PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.
(Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third, Rs. 750.)
Mr. Goculdass' BAKTAVAR 9-0, Lambert ... 1
Mr. Heath's HILAL 8-6, Burn 2
Mr. Abdulnoor's TOONAH 9-4, Dobie ... 3*
Mr. Heath's HATCHEL 9-6, McPherson ... 3*
*Dead-heat.
Not run:The Druid.
Also Ran:—Resolute, Frosty Face, Alder, Ajeel, Salute, Hermit, Klotitor, Gun-runner, Mabdir, Lord Durham, Once Again, Aris, Artisan.
The Race:—Hatchel led off with Hilal, Toonah, Baktavar and Klititor. Alder joined the leaders at the 4th furlong. At the turn Hilal was prominent with Baktavar going very strong. As the field entered the straight Baktavar drew out an easy winner by two and a quarter lengths, one and a quarter lengths 2nd and 3rd, dead-heat 3rd and 4th. Hermit's rider fell off at the 4th furlong.
Time.—1 min. 24 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 26. Places Rs. 24.8
Rs. 50-8 and Rs. 21-8 and Rs. 11-8.
Favourites.—Hatchel and Baktavar.
Trainer.—A Hoyt.

THE GALWAY PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance 1¾ miles.
(Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.)
Messrs. King and Reed's THUNDER 8-4, Barnett 1
Mr. de Souza's LORD JIM 7-3 Townsend ... 2
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's LADY CLEOPATRA 8-13 Burn 3
Mr. Frank's MILLMOUNT 9-3, Riley ... 4
Also ran:—Paragua, Bridgend, Reciproci Perfect Day, Roi Grison, Eccleston, Old Chris, Charles William, My Patsey, Elsewise, Vlinger, Zanzibar, Rueful.
The Race:—A level start with Paragua to the front of Roi Grison, Eccleston, Thunder and Elsewise on the outside. At the 7th furlong, Paragua, Roi Grison, Thunder and and Elsewise were together. At the turn Millmount was prominent. Lady Cleopatra and Lord Jim were the first to enter the straight and ran neck to neck at the distance, when Thunder suddenly appeared on the outside and putting in a brilliant run snatched the verdict by one and a quarter lengths, one length 2nd and 3rd, three-quarter length 3rd and 4th.
Time.—2 mins. 10 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 267. Places Rs. 51, Rs. 25 and Rs 64-8.
Favourite.—Bridgend.
Trainer.—A Templeman.

THE GALWAY PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance 1¾ miles.
(Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.)
The Maharaja of Keshavnagar's MIRABELLE 8-5, Purtoosingh 1
Mr. Heath's BLACKWATER 9-4, McPherson 2
Genl. Raja Sir Harisingh's ROSEY TREAD 9-8, Donnelly 3
Mr. Cannon's THE MINX 7-13 Thompson 4
The Race:—Stellite was left at the start. Blackwater, Rosey Tread, Ragazzo and Beggar Prince showing the way to the field. At the 8th furlong the order was Wolfram, Blackwater, Rosy Tread, Mirabelle and Overseas. As the field raced past the 6th furlong, The Minx was lying fifth on the outside. At the turn Mirabelle, The Minx, Blackwater and Rosy Tread were abreast. The first to enter the straight was Blackwater and The Minx, but Mirabelle came on with a fine run and overhauling the leader won comfortably by half-a length, neck 2nd and 3rd, two lengths 3rd and 4th.
Time:—2 mins. 10 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 312. Places Rs. 51 Rs. 26 and Rs. 25.
Favourite.—Rosey Tread, Blackwater.
Trainer.—P W Fletcher.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.
(Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750.)
Mr. Noble's DUBLIN 8-1, Morris 1
Mr. Irani's TOWFIK 8-5 Dobie 2
Mr. Fezi's NEVERMIND 7-11, S. J. Meekings 3
Mr Goculdass' TRADE MARK 8-8 Lambert 4
Not run: Vernon, Dartmoor, Summerton.
Also ran:—Kooleb, Arthur, Fareek, Beadmaker, Nasaralla, Honeysuckle, White Rose.
The Race:—White Rose was left, Kooleb being the first to show out followed by Trade Mark and Dublin. At the 4th furlong Koolek was leading by lengths, Towfik, Dublin, Honey suckle, Nevermin and Arthur being his nearest attendants. At the turn Kooleb was spent, Towfik, Dublin and Nevermind running into the straight. At the distance Nevermind increased his lead and looked a winner, when Dublin hotly challenged and secured the verdict by a head, head 2nd and 3rd, one and a quarter lengths 3rd and 4th.
Time.—1 min. 38 1/5secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 84. Places Rs. 18. Rs 23-8 and Rs. 13.
Favourite.—Nevermind.
Trainer.—Owner.

THE LIVERPOOL STEEPLECHASE. Distance 2 3/4 miles.
(Winner Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500.)
Messrs. Byass and Sheppard's REIGNING STAR 12-7, Mr. Byass 1
Col.-Commdt. Poole and Major Marriott's TRAVELLER 12-3, Capt. Newill 2
Mr. Sword's CORKSCREW 10-4, Major Guild 3
Not run:—Tugboat, Truncheon, Johnson, Carbide.
The Race:—Red Turk was the first to take the hurdle, Traveller second, Reigning Star third, Nuernette and Corkscrew. This order was practically unchanged at the 1st turn. Then Traveller and Red Turk ran together when taking the second round near the Prince of Wales drive, Reigning Star was now jumping well and lessening the distance between himself and the leaders. As the field raced home Red Turk had a spill bringing his rider down. This left Traveller and Reigning Star to fight the issue out the latter winning at the finish by 5 lengths, 3 furlongs. Corkscrew trotted into third place after the race was over.
Time.—6 mins. 6 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 22-8. Places Rs. 16 and Rs. 15.
Favourite.—Traveller and Reigning Star.
Trainer.—M. Ryan.

THE BURNETT PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.
(Winner, Rs. 6,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000.)
Mr. Wesche-Dart's BELLE VOYAGEUSE II 7-12, Thompson 1
Mr. A. M. S. Mahomed's MURMANSK 8-0, Burn 2
Mr. Heath's MOSSLEY 8-1 Aldridge 3
Mr. Cannon's ATROCITY 8-1, Herbert ... 4
Not ran:—Cresset, Zea, Dayspring.
Also Ran:—The Lark, Tarvie, Divide, Quite Dark, The Count, Lemoine, Cracknel, Whit Week, Southern Beauty, Vale of York, Golden Treasury, Mimi, Whispering, Eagleswell.
The Race.—A good start saw Whit Week leading with from The Count and Divide. At the 6th furlong, Murmansk, Mimi, Vale of York joined the leaders, Cracknel lying last in order. At the 4th furlong Whit Week was still in command, Lemoine showing for a while. The order at the bend was Whit Week, Murmansk, Lemoine and Mossley. As they entered the straight Whit Week petered away, Murmansk catching the rails. At the distance Belle Voyageuse, swooped upon the leader and won an exciting race by one and a quarter lengths, one and a quarter lengths 2nd and 3rd, three-quarter length 3rd and 4th.
Time.—1 mins. 28 3-/5 secs.
1st Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 163-8. Places Rs. 54-8. Rs. 23-8 and Rs. 28-8.
Favourite.—Tarvie.
Trainer.—G. Bell

THE GANESHKIND PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.
(Winner, Rs. 15,000; second, Rs. 5,000; third Rs. 3,000.)
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's OWEN ROE 9-0, Bowley 1
Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's QUARRYMAN 8-13, W. Huxley 2
Mr. Vernon's KILREA 7-12, Morris ... 3
Mr. Cannon's VALLANCE 7-6, Thompson ... *
Mr. Thaddeus' GOLDGAINER 9-1 Ruiz ... 4*
Not run:—Arclight.
*Dead-heat.
Also ran:—Galway Gate, Plymouth Rock, Nouthoutweel, Mist, Fretwork, Dorania, Belvedere.
The Race.—Getting away on level terms Kilrea took the lead from Galway Gate and Plymouth Rock, Mist lying last and Quarryman second last. At the fifth furlong the order was Galway Gate, Goldgainer, Vallance. At the 4th furlong Kilrea again took the lead and at the turn Fretwork and Nouthutweel joined the leaders. As they entered the straight Kilrea was a length in front of Goldgainer, Quarryman and Vallance who had caught the rails. Nearing home Owen Roe drew out from the bunch and going at a terrific speed snatched the verdict on the post by a neck, neck 2nd and 3rd, half-a-length 3rd and 4th.
Time:—1min. 13 2/5 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 203-8. Places Rs. 43-8, Rs. 16-8 and Rs. 39.
Favourites.—Galway Gate, Quarryman.
Trainer.—A. Templeman.

THE EGLINTON HANDICAP. Distance 5 furlongs.
(Winner, Rs. 6,000, second Rs. 2,00; third, Rs. 1,000.)
Mr. Goculdass' NICETY 9-0, Lambert ... 1
Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's JOY GIRL 8-6, Townsend 2
Mr. Goculdass' VOLSURE 8-13, Walker ... 3
Mr. Cannon's CEREMONY 7-7 Thompson 4
Also ran:—Outram's Fancy, Czarda, Chinese White, Lisnasharragh, Eagle's Way, Lady Loo.
The Race:—Lady Loo was the first to get on her legs, followed by Ceremony and Whispering. At the 4th furlongs Whispering caught the rails, Joy Girl moving up. At bend the order was Volsure, Joy Girl, and Nicety. The latter named was the first to enter the straight and maintaining her lead won comfortably by a length, three lengths 2nd and 3rd, two lengths 3rd and 4th.
Time.—1 min. 2 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 21-8 Places Rs. 19 Rs. 14-8 and Rs. 18-8.
Favourite.—Nicety and Ceremony.
Trainer.—J. Robinson

THE SEISTAN PLATE. Distance 1 mile.
(Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third, Rs. 500.)
H. H. The Maharaja of Kolhapur's ARVIL 8-3, Hewitt 1
Mr. Jarulla bin Talib's REEMAN 7-7, A. T. Harrison 2
Mr. Jamal's PENINSULA 7-13 Lambert ... 3
Mr. Syed Rashid's WINNING POST 8-11, Townsend 4
Not run:—Ishallah.
Also ran:—Hakum, Dowlat, Lamington, Dunbar, Brindisi, Hero, Cairo, Leopold, Vernon.
The Race:—Arvil showed the way to Peninsula, Hero and Vernon. They were joined at the 7th furlong by Peninsula, Leopold, Hakum and Dunbar. At the 4th furlong the order was Peninsula, Arvil, Hero, Hakum and Vernon. In the straight Reeman appeared and challenged Arvil and Peninsula, but Arvil stalled off the challenge and won comfortably by three-quarters length half a length 2nd and 3rd, three-quarter length 3rd and 4th.
Time.—1 min. 53 2-/5 secs.
1st Tote Paid:—Win Rs. 79. Places Rs. 33, Rs. 42 and Rs. 35-8.
Favourite.—Winning Post.
Trainer.—Byramjee Rustomjee.

FIRST MEETING 4TH DAY.

HANDICAP.

(Saturday, 9th September.)

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Distance R. C. and Distance.

Dilawar 9-12, Dartmoor 9-10, Khadoor 9-4, Cessation 9-2, Anaiza 9-0, Tipperary 9-0, Kayid 8-13, Union Jack 8-13, Trade Mark 8-11, Mandil 8-11, Mikado 8-9, Rose Hill 8-9, Shahzada 8-7, Kusra 8-6, Hakum 8-5, Shums 8-5, Red Flower 8-4, Winning Post 8-2, Lamington 7-13, Kelvin Boy 7-12, Ishallah 7-8, Dunbar 7-7, Apollo 7-6, Desert Flower 7-6, Brindisi 7-6, Dowlat 7-4, Cairo 7-2, Honey 6-10.
Forfeits for the above race due if not struck out before 8 a.m. on Friday, 8th September, 1922.

THE LATE SIR PARTAP SINGH

C.-IN-C.'S CONDOLENCES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

Lord Rawlinson, Commander-in-Chief, has sent a message to the Maharaja of Jodhpur expressing his profound sorrow and that of the whole army in India at the death of Lt. General Sir Partap Singh in whom both India and the army have lost not only one of the most respected of Indian Princes but also an illustrious and beloved comrade.

ROVERS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

DURHAM LIGHT INFANTRY (3) BEAT K. S. L. I. (1).

The last match of the Rovers Football Tournament was played out yesterday on the Cooperage ground before undoubtedly the largest crowd of spectators that had turned up to witness a football encounter in Bombay.

A rain less evening and ideal weather conditions contributed very much to the enjoyment of the game by the spectators The K. S. L. I. got the ball in hand from the initial kick-off and Puttock smartly passed the ball on to Millard, who made a dash with it to the goal. But the Durham defence was not to be so easily captured and Brammer their left full back joined issues with Millard and made a splendid clearance from the danger zone. The visitors' forward who had been lying low soon got going on their legs and Rymit, and Robinson created a temporary diversion by initiating a retaliatory passing bout on their wing. Play was more or less of a balanced sort for the first ten minutes of play, but the Durham forwards slowly began to assert their superiority and ere the game was ten minutes old Cpl. Hawkeley drew first blood by scoring in fine style off a scrimmage in front of K. S. L. I. goal.

D. L. INFANTRY ..... 1 goal.
K. S. L. INFANTRY ..... Nil.

The ball was soon again in play and Lea Newman and Millard tried their best to secure an equaliser. But all their successive waves of attack dashed futilely on the splendid defence put up by Healy, Taylor and Robson of the Durham first line of defence. The nimbler Durham forwards who were awaiting their cue to dash in with the ball and score, soon got their chance and the Robinson-Hawksley-Anderton combination working with machine like precision cleverly evaded the K. S. L. I. defence and Hawksley was enabled to score a second time.

D. L. I. ..... 2 goals.
K. S. L. I. ..... Nil.

There remained yet another ten minutes for lemon time and during this stage perhaps the K. S. L. I. forwards played their best they were often in the goal area of their opponents, but owing to erratic shooting they were robbed of the fruits of enterprising play. When halftime was announced the D. L. I. still retained a useful lead of 2 gaols.

AFTER HALF TIME

Play after half-time may aptly be described as a prolonged duel between the Durham forwards and the K. S. L. I. defence, is very much to the credit of the K. S. L. I that they were able to resist the puissant pressure kept up by the Durhamites and that only once the ball got past the sticks during this sensational half. As against this early in the second moiety the K. S. L. I. had scored off a penalty kick, Lea scoring off a fine rasping ball score then being 2—1, in favour of the Durham men. The rest of the twenty minutes of play is a story of continuous attack by Durham forwards, relieved at very distant intervals by a futile run by K. S. L. I. forwards. Had it not been for the excellent defence put up by the K. S. L. I. they would have succumbed time and again. Lieut. Carter and his confreres Evans and Lewis performed prodigies of valour. As for Cpl. Smith their custodian he covered himself with glory. His play was marvellous and he displayed an almost uncanny resourcefulness in tackling the most dangerous customers with admirable *sang froid* and clearing in splendid style, while he was cheered to the echo by an admiring field. The K. S. L. I. forwards remained in explicably inert and were never in the picture. Before the close of the game Cpl. Hawksley scored a third time, the score at the end being:—

D. L. I. ..... 3 goals.
K. S. L. I. ..... , goal.

The teams were:—

D. L. I.:—Goal—L.-Cpl. Elliott; Backs—Pte. Shaw and Pte. Brammer; Halves—Bdsm. Healey, Cpl. Taylor and sergt. Robson; Forwards.—Pte. Rymile; Bugler Robinson; Cpl Hawksley, Bdsm. Anderton and Pte. Morgan.

K. S. L. I.:—Goal—Cpl. Smith; Backs—Sergt. Evans and Pte. Lewis: Halves—C.Q.M.S. Flavell, Lieut. Carter and Bdsm. Hinson; Forwards—Pte. White, L-Cpl. Lea, Pte. Newman, Pte. Millard and Sergt. Puttock.

Referee—Mr. J. C. Baker.

DISTRIBUTING OF PRIZES.

At the conclusion of the game Lieut.Col. Lavie, President of the Western Football Association and made a short speech congratulating the winners and consoling the runners-up. He then requested Mrs. Macgarth to award the various challenge Cups, wold and silver medals to the respective winners. The following awards were made:—

Rovers Challenge Cup:—Durham Light Infantry.

Harwood Lengue Cup:—K. S. L. I. team.

The awards for being runners up in the Rovers and Harwood League Tournaments were awarded to the following teams:—

The K. S. L. I.
Bombay Gymkhana.

Besides these gold and silver medals respectively were awarded to the winners and runners up in the two tournaments.

THE LESLIE RUNNING CUP.

The Leslie Running Cup was awarded to the Y. M. C. A. team. Lynn their champion runner was also presented with a gold medal.

With cheers to the winners and runners up and to Mrs. Macgarth this years football tournament ended. The management of the Tournament certainly deserves congratulation for the excellent way in which they have conducted both the Harwood League and Rovers Football Tournaments.

The news about Munshi Ishwar Saran, M.L.A., joining the Democratic Party is not correct.

REPARATIONS.

BELGIAN DELEGATES GO TO BERLIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The Belgian delegates have departed for Berlin to discuss the question of guarantees to be offered as security for the German Treasury Bills in which the Reparations Commission authorised Germany to pay instalments due to the end of 1922 at the meeting on August 31st. The Belgian Premier, M. Theunis, instructed the delegates to accept, apart from the gold deposit, only the guarantees permitting actual payment.

On the successful issue of the negotiations depends whether the recent compromise decision will mean the practical grant of a six months' moratorium to Germany, giving the Allies time to grapple again with the whole problem of reparations and inter-Allied debts with a view to a comprehensive settlement.

The failure of the negotiations will produce a financial crisis.

There is every confidence felt that M. Theunis, whose statesmanlike attitude resulted in Thursday's compromise, will do his utmost to prevent a disaster.

NO BRITISH ASSISTANCE.

Interviewed by Reuter, in Paris, Sir John Bradbury said that guarantees for Belgium exclusively concerned Belgian and German Governments, but it would be unfortunate if any large percentage of the Reichsbank's gold reserve had to be provided as guarantee. He denied the assertion that British assistance towards the provision of guarantees was contemplated. He considered that, unless Germany's reparation liability were written down, it would be impossible to restore the German credit, which would mean a collapse of the German financial structure and the abandonment of all hopes of reparation.

PERMANENT MANDATES COMMISSION.

REPORT ADOPTED BY LEAGUE COUNCIL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Geneva.—The Council of the League of Nations has adopted the report of the Permanent Mandates Commission, and instructed the President to transmit the Commission's wishes to the mandatories, requesting favourable consideration. The Commission's observations relate chiefly to the presence, in the Pacific islands, of labourers from overseas, especially from China, whose introduction might present social difficulties; also the Australian administration of Nauru. The Commission also desires further information relative to land tenure, preferential tariffs, alcoholic restrictions, etc.

NAURU ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

Mr. Marquis Imperiali, the Commission's reporter, remarked that the Council would read with interest the details of administration of Nauru, and would like, later, to hear of the exact status of the island.

Mr. Balfour emphasised, significantly, that the Council, while approving of the Commission's report, in no way meant to make the Commission's observations its own.

Mr. Imperiali, in reply, said that the report did not criticise the mandatories' administration, but it simply transmitted observations to interested Governments who were absolutely free to conform with them or not.

HOUSE-BUILDING IN DEVASTATED REGIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

A message from Berlin states that hundred million sterling of which Hugo Stinnes receives six per cent is stated to be involved in an agreement signed by Herr Stinnes with the French Cooperative delegate under which the German concern secures a monopoly for rebuilding 190,000 houses in French devastated regions.

THE WHITEHAVEN EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Forty miners were entombed, to-day, in the deepest undersea workings at Haig Pit, Whitehaven, one mile and a half from the shaft. Rescuers worked under difficulties owing to falls from the roof. Several rescuers, including the manager, were brought up to the surface gassed. Ten bodies have been recovered. At first it was hoped that others had escaped through a drift into Wellington Pit, where 136 perished twelve years ago; but the hope has been abandoned.

[Whitehaven, a town in Cumberland, England.]

DIFFICULTIES OF RELIEF.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Whitehaven explosion breaks the country's long spell of immunity from coal mining disasters. There were most distressing scenes at pit head when mutilated bodies were brought to the surface. In one case a father and two sons were clasping hands.

Up to now twenty-four bodies have been recovered, some so far from the scene of disaster that it seems practically impossible that others can have survived. Nevertheless relief workers are struggling heroically in most difficult and dangerous conditions which include collapsing roofs and heavy gas. Relays of men are working all day and all night. As one party retires gassed, exhausted and baffled, another resumes the task. Some, badly gassed, return after artificial respiration.

Official and Personal.

The funeral ceremony of the late Maharaja Sir Partap Singh was performed at Jodhpur on Monday.

The Khilafat Committee, Rangoon, has arranged to offer prayers on September 8th in every mosque in Rangoon for the victory of Mustapha Kemal Pasha.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Prof. Gopalji's lecture on "Hygienic Food," St. Xavier's College, 2 p.m.

"TAJ" STRIKE.

On Wednesday evening, the men met at Wellington Mews and as usual said the Rosary and the Litany of the Saints. Capt. W. J. O'Grady of the Publicity Department, G. I. P. Railway, was present at the prayers. He addressed the gathering and told them that his efforts for an amicable settlement had failed. The men resolved to face the situation squarely and depend on British justice. They then visited the church of the Holy name of Jesus and dispersed.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

"INDIA AND MODERN CIVILISATION."

There will be a public lecture on "India and Modern Civilization" by Rev. R. M. Gray, in the Bowen Hall, Y. M. C. A., Lamington Road, to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m.

INDIAN PASSENGERS' AND TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the above Association will meet to-day (Thursday) at 5 p.m. (S. T.) at Mr. L. R. Tairsey's Office, 70, Apollo Street, Fort.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The adjourned meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee for the City of Bombay will be held to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m. in the Congress Office.

LECTURE ON CIVICS.

Principal Puntambekar will deliver his 5th lecture on Civics, on the subject of "Rise of State and Society," to-day at 4 p.m. at the Tilak Hall of the National Medical College. The lecture is open to all students.

BOMBAY WORKING MEN'S INSTITUTE.

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Institute in the Damodher Thackersey Mooljee Hall, Poibavdi, Parel, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), to-day (Thursday), in order to give expression to the feelings of the tenants on the proposed amendments in the Rent Acts. Mr. Joseph Baptista, has kindly consented to preside.

HYGIENE LECTURES.

Prof. Gopalji, M.Sc., of Delhi University, will give the following lectures to-day under the auspices of Science Promoting Society, (Lahore), Delhi:—
(1) "Hygienic Food," at St. Xavier's College at 2 p.m.
(2) "Personal Hygiene," at Elphinstone College, at 4-30 p.m.
Prof. Gopalji will lecture on "Eugenics" The science of Human Race-culture" at 6 p.m. Friday, 8th September, 1922, at Servants of India Society Hall, Sandhurst Road. The public are welcome.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

FERGUSSON COLLEGE TILAK BUST.

A meeting of the members of the Executive Committee of the D. E. S.'s Institutions' Lok. Tilak Memorial Fund, will be held on 9th September, at 9-30 a.m. in the Fergusson College Hostels and not at 340, Sadashiv Peth as announced before.

BYCULLA DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

An urgent meeting of the Byculla District Congress Committee will be held to-morrow, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), in Mr. V. A. Desai's Office, 72, Apollo Street, Fort.

"G" WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The adjourned extraordinary general meeting of the above committee will be held at 5 p.m. (S. T.), on Sunday the 10th instant, at the Congress Office, Cleopra Building, (opp. Hasanli Tank), Dadar, to consider the alterations suggested in the Committee's rules and regulations. All members of the above Committee for this year are requested to attend.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE.

A meeting of the Senate was held, last night, at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad presiding.

Degrees were conferred on candidates who had passed the following examinations: B. Ag., B. Com., B.E., M.B.B.S., B.A., L. L. B, and M.A.

The Senate then resumed discussion on the following resolution which was moved by Dr. Moos and seconded by Dr. Ranina at the last meeting:—

"That the Senate records its opinion that the affiliation of the D. J. Sind College, Karachi, be extended to the first year's course in Engineering provisionally for one year, with retrospective effect from the commencement of the current term."

In the absence of Dr. Harold Mann, Dr. R. S. Cree Brown, moved the following amendment which stood in his name: That the following words be added to Dr. Moos's resolution:—

Provided that the number of students admitted shall not exceed fifty in the current year, and provided also that an additional Professor of Engineering of high qualifications be appointed before the beginning of the second term.

The amendment was carried 29 voting for it and 13 against.

Dr. Cree Brown then moved:

Add to the motion "Affiliation is granted on the further condition that steps be taken to place the Engineering Department of the College under the independent control of a Principal or Professor in charge who shall be an Engineer."

The Amendment was passed, and the original proposition, as amended, was then adopted.

Dr. R. N. Ranina moved:

That the following paragraph be added at the end of the N.B. to regulation 7 in Science:

The Preliminary Scientific Examination of April 1922, will be recognized as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination in Science with retrospective effect from the commencement of the academic year 1922-23 in the case of those students who apply to the Syndicate for such recognition for enabling them to study for the B.Sc. Examination.

It was adopted.

Dr. R. N. Ranina also moved:

"That the maximum number of students fixed for the First Year Class of the New Poona College be raised from 240 to 300 for the current academical year only, with retrospective effect from the commencement of the current term."

The following amendment standing in the name of Dr. Mann was moved:

"The present increase in numbers in the College is sanctioned for a period of five years and is conditional on early progress being made with the building of the College outside the city. It is considered that no further increase in number should be applied for until the transfer to the new building has been made."

It was ruled out of order, as it was not properly worded.

The original proposition was then passed.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Thursday, September 7, 1922.

WANTED A "JUST" PEACE.

"Well, here is a war between Greece and Turkey. We are defending the capital of one of the parties against the other. Let us not overlook that very important fact. If we were not there, there is absolutely no doubt that Greece could occupy that capital in a very few hours. That would produce a decision. . . . I do not know of any army that would have gone as far as the Greeks. It was a daring and very reckless military enterprise. They established their military superiority in every pitched battle."

It was in these and other extravagant terms that Mr. Lloyd George spoke of the Greeks at the beginning of last month in the House of Commons, and it is an irony of fate that within less than a month, those very Greeks whose heroism was apparent only to Mr Lloyd George, should be fleeing in the utmost disorder and despair before the advancing Kemalists. It is not unlikely that Mr. Lloyd George, when he made his polemical dissertation on the Near East situation, was thoroughly aware of the desperate straits to which the Greeks had been reduced in Thrace and Asia Minor, and if he did hope thereby to bully the Kemalists into submission, his hopes have sadly been frustrated during the past week or so. Instead of the Greeks marching on the Turkish capital and wiping out the Kemalists, the latter have turned the tables on their enemies and on Mr. Lloyd George, who imagined, perhaps, that the Turkish "outlaws" would retire into their own stronghold at Angora and thence abjectly sue for peace on Mr. Lloyd George's own terms. It may be that his sympathies for the Greeks are due to his "personal preferences," but it is a poor way of recompensing his friends to have bolstered up a "reckless military enterprise", however "daring" it might be.

The latest information regarding the position in Asia Minor shows that the Greek disaster has degenerated into a complete *debacle*, and it is officially stated that the Greek Government has announced its intention immediately to begin the evacuation of Asia Minor. An abject appeal appears to have been made to London asking for the mediation of Britain to secure an immediate armistice. We do not know what Mr. Lloyd George thinks of the whole business, remembering that not long ago he had declared with the theatrical gesture, so characterictic of him: "Was it too much for the Greeks to say that before their troops retired from the line which they had occupied, with five hundred thousand persons of Greek race left behind, they wanted some guarantees?" Nor does the situation bear out his suggestion that the Greeks "were cheerfully making the sacrifices rendered necessary by this war". In a rapturous vein, Mr. George declared: "Yet they were prepared to go on for the liberation of peoples of their race. They made a financial sacrifice that was almost incredible. They halved their notes—one-half of which was to be currency and the other half to be in the nature of an enforced loan at 7 per cent. That sacrifice was accepted without a murmur by the whole population. Such a people were worthy of consideration at the hands of any country." It appears from the latest news from Greece that King Constantine's popularity has declined beyond repair and, according to the "Times", thousands of young men from those very villages of Attica which gave a strong vote against M. Venizelos and for the return of "Tino" are now fleeing to the hills in order to avoid mobilization. Of course, an attempt has been made to explain away the defeatist spirit prevalent in Greece, as being due to war-weariness. It must be remembered, however, that the Turks have suffered far more from the ravages of war and the treachery among their "Christian" subjects, fomented by the "Christian" Powers of Europe who had hoped by that means to wipe Turkey off the map of Europe,—and not less from the unrelenting hostility of Europe, especially Great Britain under her past and present masters since the days of Gladstone. The present plight of the Greeks is entirely of their own making. If there was any sincerity among the Greeks, they would have refused to foment in Europe the hatred of the Turks who, Mr. Lloyd George notwithstanding, have all along treated them and other Christian populations with the utmost religious and political tolerance. It is preposterous that anyone should make too much of the hypocritical cries of distress raised by the Greeks. The evacuation will rid Asia Minor of a long-festering sore, and cause great satisfaction among the remaining people.

We hope the presence of British warships off Smyrna is "merely a precautionary measure", as has been represented, "to protect British interests and nationals" and does not portend hostile intentions. It is time Britain realised her responsibility in this awful business of protracting a cruel war and the sufferings of the Turks by affording in the past dangerous and undeserved encouragement to the Greeks. If, as Mr. Lloyd George has claimed, only a "just—and lasting—peace" is to be enforced in the East, he should see to it that without any further delay the Greeks evacuate all the Turkish territories which they have robbed from Turkey and insist upon their making adequate reparations to her. These are essential conditions of a permanent peace and, in view of the recent developments, we should like to know whether Britain is willing to support the just claims of Turkey, as has been done in the case of other nations. Lord Reading should do more than indulge in platitudes about "obligation to Allies" and "adequate safeguarding of Minorities." Even the Greeks are reported to be talking of "a just peace"—no doubt according to their own inclinations—and perhaps, with a view to such a just peace, are indulging in outrageous conduct against the Turkish inhabitants at Smyrna. A Reuter report says that "a former Turkish Mayor of Smyrna and six well-known Turkish officials there, have been arrested and taken to Athens on the charge of preparing for a popular rising and massacres. They are alleged to have been in contact with the Kemalist forces, who sent them, it is stated, arms and bombs." Such conduct, however, is not likely to smooth the way to a just peace, even according to Greek or Georgian conceptions.

THE READING PROPAGANDA.

Lord Reading's attempt at explaining away the Premier's recent bluster about the "Steel Frame" having fallen flat on them, the Moderates and Cooperators anxiously awaited the promised Viceregal "Speech from the Throne" at the opening of the Simla session of the babble-shops. They awaited the speech with the eager and fond hope that their only surviving "Liberal" friend would say something that would enable them to lay a flattering unction to their souls and revive their dying faith in the "Reforms." The Viceroy has spoken. Like the astute diplomat that he is, he has refused to make a declaration such as the one the Cooperators expected him to make, while yet presenting his platitudes in such language as to leave some scope for hesitating and self-regarding Cooperators to pocket the Premier's grievous and unforgivable insult to their country and go on with the (to them) pleasant and profitable task of cooperating with the bureaucracy. He reiterated what he had said to the deputation that recently waited upon him. The policy of reform, he said, remains unchanged and, for proof, he once gain cited the second-hand statement which the Premier had authorised him to make. "There is no promise that has been broken," the Viceroy added, "there is no pledge that has been violated either by His Majesty's Government or my Government." But Lord Reading conveniently refrained from explaining how the permanent maintenance of the Steel Frame, with its functions and privileges intact, was compatible with the policy of reform which he was at pains to show remains unchanged. And he also, it is noteworthy, kept discreet silence over the recent impudent outburst of the C. P. Civilians which constitutes an affront to the people of India. And, of course, not a word in the Premier's speech has been withdrawn and no regret expressed.

So the sitution remains where the Premier left it with his amazing speech. What are the Cooperators now going to do? On one matter the Viceroy has been quite candid and it is a matter which gives point to the Premier's insult to India. Lord Reading laid stress on the fact that further progress with the reforms will be "by stages", "the time and manner of the advance" will be judged by the British Parliament, and the judgment is "to depend on the cooperation of the people of India and the development of their sense of responsibility" which means, in effect, that the people of India should meekly submit to the humiliating position of wards under the perpetual benevolent trusteeship of the British Civilians, as Mr. Lloyd George wishes them to do. The people of India, under the guidance of the Mahatma and his co-workers, have determined to stand on their legs, to assert their national self-respect and to become masters of their own destiny. Lord Reading, like the diplomat that he is, has sought to divide the people, following a familiar tradition. He has flattered the Cooperators and damned the Non-Cooperators. To the Cooperators he said: "Gentlemen, you have reason to be satisfied with the success you have already achieved in this legislature during the short period of its existance. In the language recently used by the Prime Minister there has been a very considerble measure of success, and very able and distinguished Indians have contributed to achieve this result." And as for the Non-Cooperators the Viceroy had the usual bureaucratic vocabulary of vituperation and misrepresentation to draw upon:

"There is another aspect which I am sure presents itself to your minds at this moment and I would ask you whether the events in India of the last 18 months can fairly and reasonably be regarded as assisting the efforts you have made towards realization of your aims and whether indeed these events have not proved a hindrance and an obstruction to the progress of India? We have seen the legislatures and all cooperating in constitutional progress doing their utmost to march forward. I wish this were the whole story but facts must be faced and we cannot ignore that a section of th people of India have spared no effort not only to withhold their own cooperators but so hindered and intimidated others that they have not stopped short of violence. They have not hesitated to foster antagonism against the Government, to stir up racial hatred and to lead the way back to chaos and anarchy. The acts of this section during His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' visit are too well-known to you to require recapitulation. Here in India we know that they do not represent the real views of the Indian people but can you wonder that they created a deplorable impression upon the British people throughout the Empire notwithstanding the devotion and loyalty of the people of India? The mischief was deliberately done and in spite of the solemn warning I ventured to give of its inevitable effect upon the British people and the British Parliament."

The Viceroy's misrepresentations and threats of repression will no more perturb the Non cooperators and the country, which is behind them, than did the Premier's insult. But, we ask, what are the Co-operators going to do? The Viceroy has cleverly sought to divert their attention from the main issue of Swaraj by a subtle flattery of their "achievements" and by drawing a seemingly rosy picture of the future that awaits them if they but act according to his instructions under the guidance of the ever-obliging bureaucrats. What are these instructions? The Viceroy said:

"You hear around you propaganda against the reforms. Your rights are assailed by misrepresentations. Your privileges and prospects are attacked. Your achievements are belittled. Your aims are vilified. Last year I urged you to counter-action. I impressed on you that the electorate required education. I have the same advice to repeat to you now but I repeat it with more force and insistence, for another year has passed and a new election is within sight and I make my earnest aneal to you in the interests of India so dear to your hearts, to lend your influence and authority to help India forward to the attainment of her ultimate aims to continue the advance which will secure to her, in the fullest degree, the great place that awaits her within the Empire."

The debates in the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly will show to what extent the recent awakening of the Cooperators to the camouflage of the Reforms is genuine. Will they succumb to the seductive diplomacy of Lord Reading or will they act as self-respecting and patriotic Indians?

That frantic attempts are being made to induce them to take a course of action that will be a betrayal of their country's interests is obvious. The following manifestly inspired editorial paragraph in the "Pioneer" brings into relief the character of these attempts:

"The adoption by the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly of the resolutions relating to Mr. Lloyd George's speech would be tantamount to direct censure of the Prime Minister of England. If those who are anxious to secure the passing of the resolutions are indifferent to the sentiments of the British Nation, there is nothing more to be said so far as they are concerned. Mr. Lloyd George himself has explicitly repudiated the interpretation sought to be placed on his speech, and Sir Donald Maclean, one of the leaders of the Liberal Party, agreed that it contained nothing that could be taken as a threat. His Excellency the Viceroy, moreover, declared to the Simla deputation that the apprehension which they had felt regarding the import of the speech was "disposed of by the statement I have made to you." The supporters of the proposed resolutions appear to be oblivious of the fact that the Reforms are based on an Act of Parliament which no Prime Minister has the power of his own volition to alter. They are, however, quite prepared to advocate the extension of the Act in accordance with their own predilections. These matters have been discussed during the past few weeks, and all that can be hoped for now is that in the forthcoming debates in the Legislature there will be no official searching after formulas in order to compromise on a clear-cut issue. The situation created in India by the apprehension that the British element in the Services may disappear in the near future is already sufficiently grave."

It is clear that the reactionary elements, both here and in England, have been seriously alarmed by the reception given in India to the Premier's speech. If only the Cooperators stand firmly with the rest of their countrymen and accept no ignoble compromise the cause of the country will triumph. The issue of the struggle is, of course, certain whatever, the co-operators may do. Only the victory will be delayed a little if the Cooperators betray their country at this juncture.

Notes of the Day

The "Egypt" Enquiry.

The Court of Enquiry on the loss of the P. and O. boat "Egypt" has given its findings. But these "findings" are of a white-washing character. In view of the strong feeling that had been aroused in this country by the undeserved attacks on the unbefriended Indian seamen, the Court could not apparently damn them openly; but obviously to placate the English seamen the Court has found that "a portion of the non-European crew was panic-stricken, but the Court did not believe they treated the passengers with violence." A rider is added that "if properly handled, the lascars are reliable servants. Had the European crew displayed greater alacrity in going to the boats the non-European crew would have been under more effective control." Thus, the sting is in the tail. The cry now is that if the lascars are "properly led" they would discharge their duties efficiently and obediently, and the implication is that the "non-European crew" hindered in the matter of saving lives, for want of proper leading from the European crew. This is bolstering up with a vengeance, the long-exploded shibboleth about the superiority of the European whether in sea-faring or any other business. The facile assumption of the Court of Enquiry, which is in a way a subordinate department of the English Board of Trade, savours of arrogance in view of the unqualified testimony of many of the experienced P. and O. officials. One of the findings of the Court is especially important and it is that "none of the non-European crew possessed weapons of any kind." Yet witnesses were not wanting who swere to the alleged fact of the lascars being in possession of weapons and committing violence. The object of such calumny is unmistakable; but the finding of the Court gives the lie direct to such calumny.

The Indispensable British Civilian.

It would seem from the special pleading in the English Press that Mr. Lloyd George's "indispensable British Civilian" in India must continue to govern India for ever, though in the process he may enlist the cooperation of Indians. The "Times", with its usual solicitude for the interest of India, tells us that "the security of the Empire and *the happiness of India* (our italics) most imperatively demand that European recruitment must be intensively pursued", that "a breakdown of the British services would be a national (*sic*, British?) calamity" and that "the unity of India depends on British control and the guidance of trained British officials was never more necessary than at the present moment." And a Reuter's version of the "Times'" comment mentions the London journal as saying that the O'Donnell circular on the Indianisation of the services "is wholly wrong in *even admitting the possibility of the rapid Indianisation of the services.*" (Our italics again.) The whole thing reads like a faithful paraphrase of Sir William Vincent's speech in the Legislative Assembly in February last. It is easy to find many reasons for the preponderance and predominance of the British Civilian, not only in India—but all over the world, we are sure,—if the "Times" and others of its ilk could have their own way. But are there not as many reasons—in fact, more—for the services of a country being filled with indigenous men? The claim made for the indispensability of the Civilian is that he is necessary in the interests of unity in India, and we are told that "sharp distinctions between Hindus, Mussulmans, Brahmins and non-Brahmins have not been eliminated by temporary fraternisation in National Congresses." It is not convenient for the detractors of India to see that these so-called "sharp distinctions" are the creation more of the Civilian than of any natural antipathies. Who that has followed the history of unhappy India under British rule will forget how the Hindus and Mussulmans were cleverly worked up against each other, and when, in spite of the bureaucracy, Hindus and Mussulmans made up their quarrels among themselves regardless of the conveniences of the bureaucracy, there was the new stunt of Brahmin *versus* non-Brahmin? And the latest is what was perpetrated by the Montagu scheme to bolster up the domination of the bureaucracy by splitting up the nation into two camps—the Cooperators and the Non-Cooperators.

Disinterested!

But for the bureaucracy and the shortsightedness or selfishness of the Moderates and Cooperators, the history of Indian Nationalism would have been written differently. Indians know that the removal of class distinctions is very helpful in facilitating their national struggle, but whose interest but of the indispensable Civilian is it to perpetuate these distinctions? Were it otherwise and the Civilian were bent on welding national unity in India, is it not an ignoble confession that he should have failed to do so during the past century and a half, when the political consciousness of the peolpe, according to his theory, still lay dormant and when he virtually enjoyed the powers of an absolute monarch? Indians will not be deceived by the hypocrisy of the "Times" and others of the Imperialist gang. Their desire perpetually to saddle India with the British Civilians is not prompted by the disinterested motive of seeing India united and self-governing, but by the selfish greed of continuing to possess India as the happy hunting-ground of British Imperialism. The "Times" says regarding the circular to the Provincial Governments issued by the Government of India on the subject of the Indianisation of the services, that "it is essential for the interest of the British Empire and India that the impression that the Indian Government favours Indianisation should be removed at the earliest possible moment." What a deliciously disinterested idea and how tenderly our friends, the Cooperators, will treasure it up in their grateful hearts!

The Corporation's Duty.

The resolution regarding the Rent Act will again come to-day for discussion before the Corporation. We would ask the members not to look to the temporary material gains of a few rich landlords, but to take into consideration the welfare of the poor and middle classes, already over-burdened with the miseries of life in a city of pestilence and slums. Let the Corporation, for once, take into consideration the interests of the people which it says it represents. The final decision will be in the hands of the Legislative Council, and the Corporation's opinion, if it is prejudiced, will not carry much weight with it. Talk of Bolshevism and the rich man's woes will not carry matters much further. We would ask the Corporation to take larger views of the pressing problems. While to the rich a few thousands may mean only an addition to their already excessive share of luxuries, to the poor, from whose pockets the thousands have to come, every rupee added or subtracted from a meagre monthly income may mean either joy or misery. Is it wise and proper to make a sorely pressed people more miserable? It is in the hands of the members themselves, to show, by their action, and not by mere words, that they genuinely desire the good of the people. Every citizen of Bombay, be he rich or poor, has contributed towards the unearned increment of the landlord which he so much hankers after. Therefore, we would ask the members of the Corporation to think well before they come to a final decision. Let it not be said, when the epitaph is written after the death of the present Corporation, that while its members fought for self-aggrandisement, they had no thought for the poor, whom they professed to represent.

"COERCION AND CAMOUFLAGE."

DEEP DISAPPOINTMENT OVER VICEROY'S SPEECH.

LORD READING'S SILENCE "STEEL FRAME."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

It appears that Lord Reading has come so easily built up in England. The speech with which he opened the autumn session of the Indian Legislature, to-day, was most disappointing and unsatisfactory. "It is a combination of coercion and camouflage" is the deliberate verdict of an important member of the Council of State. "I almost feel inclined to resign my membership" was the significant cry of a titled personality in the Legislative Assembly. It is indeed a pity that the Viceroy could not rise equal to the occasion, so eagerly expected of him. On the other hand it is feared that he has chosen to rank with the mighty band of reactionaries at Home. He spoke, for full forty minutes, to a crowded House and packed galleries on subjects ranging from China to Peru, but left us none the wiser for it. The knowledge of what he spoke on matters that are engaging the attention of Government was the property of every man in the street, and Lord Reading need not have, therefore, wasted his precious lungs over them. It was the general expectation of hearing from him some satisfactory declarations about the future of the Services that had drawn together so many visitors; but all these people and the members of the Legislature had to go away disappointed and even disgusted.

INDIAN MEMBERS' SOLEMN SILENCE

Mrs. Annie Besant, who was occupying a seat next to Sir Edward Maclagan on the right side of the throne, was also apparently dissatisfied with the address, because at no time was she seen cheering Lord Reading—a scene which was the very opposite of what I had seen of her in the Delhi session when the Duke of Connaught addressed the so-called reformed constitution. In fact the whole of the Indian section of the assemblage, both nominated and elected, was seen observing a solemn silence throughout the forty minutes, and even when their European colleagues were attempting to create a show of applause, the very silence with which the Indian members of the Legislature received the address delivered by Lord Reading, was sufficiently eloquent of their bitter feelings which are now assuming the forms of angry denunciations.

Party meetings are in process of formation in order to determine the means that should be adopted to meet the situation created by Lord Reading, but unity and foresight are greatly wanting in the members who are alleged to be representatives of the millions of this country.

NO MENTION OF "THE STEEL FRAME"

The most noteworthy feature of the address of His Excellency was his complete silence over the "steel frame" of the Indian structure on account of whose future the interests of this country have been thrown to the winds. We all expected to hear from the Viceroy some references to the position of the British members of the Civil Service; but this was very discreetly eschewed from the purview of his address. On the other hand a mountain was made out of a mole-hill; and the incidents during the Prince of Wales' visit were made the subject of a serious warning to the Legislature and, through them, to the country that unless they behaved like good boys no more crumbs of Reforms will be thrown to them. Lord Reading plainly told the House that the future of this country depended more on the goodwill of the British Parliament than on the cooperation and sense of responsibility displayed by the Legislature. Unless they start a propaganda counter to the Non-Cooperation movement and appeal to the intelligence of the masses and make them understand the objects of the Government and the Legislatures there was no use of expecting any Reforms nor crying against the speech of the Premier. "Defensive tactics alone will not suffice. We must lead and guide," was the advice of the Viceroy to the legislators who are further asked to educate the electors in the right spirit in time, because, otherwise, at the next election, which is within sight, the Non-Cooperators and such other incendiaries will swamp the Councils and wreck the Reforms machinery. This is the same as the Lloyd George theory of representative institutions for India.

SILENCING THE ANGRY MEMBERS.

As if this is not enough, Lord Reading has rebuked the members of the Legislature for not paying sufficient regard to the language contained in the preamble to the Statute, and, at the same time, protesting against the Premier's speech, which was made in the sanctity of the House of Commons before in the audience of representatives of the British people who are eventually the people to grant responsible Government to India. This rebuke was evidently intended to silence the angry legislators who intend to bring motions against the speech of Mr. Lloyd George, and throttle their freedom of thought and action. But there are signs to show that the authors of these motions and those who have sent in their amendments will not be guided or influenced by such rebukes. On the other hand it is clear that censure debates will be initiated in both the Houses of the Legislature with all due ceremony, although the result thereof is certain to prove virtually victorious to the Government.

CABLE ITEMS.

Berlin.—The death is announced of Doctor Dryander, ex-Kaiser's former Court Chaplain, at the age of eighty-eight.

The Rt. Reverend Mansfield Waller, Bishop of Tinnevelly, succeeds the Rt. Reverend Henry Whitehead, Bishop of Madras, who has resigned, as from December 31st next.

HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY

RACIAL RIOTS—A NATIONAL CALAMITY

APPEAL TO KEEP THE PEACE

The following statement has been issued by Seth Mian Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Chotani, President of the Conntral Khilafat Committee of India.

Amidst the passions of joy of the great Turkish victory comes the distressing and painful news of the riots at Multan and Hoogly. It is too early to form any judgment regarding the causes which may have led to these riots or to fix the responsibility of the blame on the shoulders of one or the other party which may have caused the riot. We, however, consider it our duty to appeal to the Muslims of India to preserve, promote and strengthen the cordiality of relations existing between us and Hindus and other communities of India. It must be our first civic duty not to give any offence to our neighbours and countrymen with whom we are to live on terms of friendship and amity. We must nurture the quality of patience, forbearance and forgiveness which the Law of Islam teaches and enjoins on us. Even in face of grave provocation we must learn to control our passions and not give way to momentary impulses and anger.

Hindu-Muslim unity is the pivot on which the whole fabric of our movement exists. Without this essential requisite it will be impossible for the country to make any progress and for us to obtain the triple goal for which we have been so long strenuously striving for and suffering. Within nine and six months of the Ali Brothers and Mahatma Gandhi's incarceration we are unfortunately witnessing the spectacle of Hindus-Muslim riot in the country. It is difficult to imagine what excruciating pain the news of these riots will cause them and other patriots undergoing the rigors of incarceration for the sake of the country and its cause. We hope the local Congress and Khilafat workers will jointly and loyally exert themselves to bring about a speedy pacification and reconciliation. We also desire to warn our countrymen not to fall victims to certain insidious propaganda, which may as well have been started from interested quarters and agencies to bring about a rupture between the two communities. We pray God to give wisdom to our countrymen to live on terms of goodwill and friendship with each other. Amen.

SERIOUS SITUATION AT MULTAN.

MILITARY CONTROL ENTRANCES TO CITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MULTAN, Sept. 5.

It is stated that cases of arson, loot and burning with sulphuric acid have occurred in the city and that casualties exceed a hundred. All entrances to the city are strongly picqueted by the military and outsiders are not allowed to enter. More military aid has been called in.

LEADERS STRIVING TO BRING ABOUT PEACE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5

An official epert from Multan states that rioting broke out again in the morning of September 4th though on a less serious scale than on the previous day. There were however some fatalities and a few houses in the suburbs of the city were burnt.

LATER.

A telegram despatched by the Deputy Commissioner of Multan at 2-30 p.m. to-day states that there has been no further trouble and that the situation is much more hopeful. People are moving about freely and some shops are open. Leading Mahomedan and Hindu genlemen are working together to obtain the restoration of normal conditions. Military reinforcements have arrived. According to the present information which, however, is incomplete, the number of deaths is not likely to exceed 15 and may be considerably less.

LATE BABU MOTILAL.

REFERENCES IN CALCUTTA CORPORATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5.

References to the death of Mr. Motilal Ghose were made at a meeting of the Calcutta Corporation to-day after which the meeting adjourned. The Chairman said that Mr. Motilal was a very prominent figure in Indian journalism and a great patriot and occupied a foremost place in the public life of the country for the advancement of which he strove unceasingly for decades. By his death the country had suffered a very severe loss. Several commissioners also paid their tribute to the deseaced aftes which a resolution was adopted recording their sense of profound regret and loss at the death of such a great patriot, a veteran journalist and a great figure in Indian Public life.

Babu Motilal was liked by a large circle of Europeans, official and non-official, including Sir Edward Baker, Lieutenant Governor of Bengal. Mr. Motilal was the only Bengali who had an interview with the King-Emperor without a previous engagement when His Majesty came out to India as Prince of Wales. Mr. Motilal's younger brother, Golaplal, and his nephew Peyush Kanti both of whom had a training under him for over a decade in maintaining the policy of the paper and are now conducting the Patrika. The cremation of Motilal's body was held this evening attended by a large number of leading Indians. A little before his death Mr. Motilal said that it pained him very much as he was being taken away at a time when he, perhaps, might be of some use to the country.

GREEK DEBACLE.

TROOPS REFUSE TO MAKE A STAND.

POWERS APPEALED TO SECURE ARMISTICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Opinion is generally held, in well-informed quarters in London, that the disaster to the Greek army is complete, and there is little hope that anything can now prevent a thorough debacle. The Greek Government has appealed to the Powers to secure an armistise, and th following communications between London, Paris and Rome, the Allied High Commissioners at Constantinople, have been instructed to discuss joint measures to assure the suspension of hostilities. It is hoped that arrangements will be made for the representatives of the belligerents to meet, in two or three days' time, in a neutral zone South of Ismid, and that the result will be a speedy cessation of fighting.

GREEK TROOPS REFUSE TO MAKE ANY STAND.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Smyrna.—According to advices from the front, the Greek troops are refusing to make any stand. It is feared that, unless the French and the British Act energetically, serious events may occur at Smyrna.

The British subjects will be embarked board the British steamers in the harbour where they will await the events. The latest British Naval reinforcement here is the Dreadnought "King George the Fifth"

BRITAIN INVITES FRANCE FOR ARMISTICE POURPARLER.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Paris.—The British Government has invited the French Government to examine the possibility of an armistice between Turkey and Greece.

GREEKS READY TO SIGN "JUST PEACE."

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The Official Greek circles state that, although the situation is regarded as serious, the hope has by no means been abandoned. The Greeks are ready to sign a just peace, but not a peace which sacrifices the interests and lives of the Greeks in Asia Minor.

FERID BEY ON TURKS' MOTIVE IN FIGHTING.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Paris.—Ferid Bey, a representative of the Angora Government, in the course of an interview, has declared that the Turks have not fostered the dreams of expansion at the expense of their neighbours, but they will fight to the end for independence.

ARREST OF TURKISH OFFICIALS IN SMYRNA.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Reuter learns a former Turkish Mayor of Smyrna and six well-known Turkish officials there, have been arrested and taken to Athens on the charge of preparing for a popular rising and massacres. They are alleged to have been in contact with the Kemalist forces, who sent them, it is stated, arms and bombs.

JUBILICATION OVER GREEK REVERSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Constantinople.—All classes of the population are jubilant over Greek reverses and a certain prospect of recovery of Turkey's lost territory in Asia Minor but there are no reports of hostility to residents of other nationalities. It is declared that the Turkish success will not be followed by fresh claims. On the contrary Turkey is ready to guarantee the rights of the minorities and agree to other reasonable conditions compatible with independence and territorial integrity.

RESTORATION OF THRACE AND ASIA MINOR.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Paris.—Various newspapers urge the necessity of restoration of both Asia Minor and Thrace to Turkey.

KHILAFAT COMMITTEE'S CABLE TO MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

Seth M. M. H. J. M. Chotani, President of the Central Khilafat Committee, has cabled to Mr. Lloyd George as follows:—

"Indian Muslims view with great apprehension arrival of British warship "Iron Duke" and expected arrival of further units at Smyrna and consider that this step means interference in victory of Turks. Any such pressure on Turks will not only hurt Muslim feeling but excite it to extreme and will be taken as an open hostility towards Muslim world. British Cabinet is warned against any such miscalculated action which is sure to bring disastrous consequences for which it will be solely responsible.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MUSTAFA KEMAL PASHA.

He has also cabled the following to their Excellencies Djelaluddin Arif Bey (Rome) and Farid Bey (Paris):—

"Kindly convey on behalf of Central Khilafat and United India particularly Muslims our heartiest congratulations to His Excellency Ghazi Mustafa Kamal Pasha and his victorious armies on their brilliant and splendid triumph over Greek armies. United India observing Friday 8th September as Prayer Day for perfect victory of Angora Government and complete over throw of Greeks who in contravention of all human rights have perpetrated terrible atrocities on helpless Turkish population."

DESPATCH OF AMERICAN DESTROYERS TO SMYRNA.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Washington.—Mr. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy, has ordered Admiral Bristol at Constantinople to despatch four destroyers to Smyrna to protect lives and property. Mr. Roosevelt adds that neither naval nor political significance can be attached to this move.

TURKS COMMITTING WANTON DESTRUCTION

Mr. A. H. S. Khatri, Hon. Secretary of the Central Khilafat Committee writes:—

The following cables have been received from H. E. Djelaluddin Arif, Turkish Ambassador at Rome:—

(1) "La Ghalib Illallah. Enemy routed and demoralised. Greeks failed resistance at Alashehr and Aldin. Considerable booty and prisoners have been captured. Once more Turkey with Almighty's aid fulfilled her duty towards Islam. Enemy committing untold atrocities and destruction. Suffering of the civil population is immense. Draw public attention to it. Present my heartful thanks for prayers. —Djelaluddin Arif"

(2) "The Turkish Red Crescent acknowledges the receipt of fifty bales of clothing. Distribution began. The list will be forwarded with heartful thanks for the Committee. The Red Crescent conveys gratefulness to brother subscribers for valuable help.—Djelaluddin Arif."

TRADES' UNION CONGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

A remarkable fall in membership from 8,416,000 to 5,127,000 in the past twelve months is reported at the Trades' Union Congress at Southport, and attributed mainly to unemployment and industrial conflicts.

AGE-LIMIT FIXED.

The Congress, to-day, passed a resolution which imposed the age-limit of seventy on its officials. This means the retirment of the Secretary, Mr. Bowerman. The mover of the resolution, amid shouts of "You mean Bowerman!", complained of the lack of an initiative in the Trade Union movement, which wanted men of vitality.

CONGRESS TAKES OVER "DAILY HERALD."

LONDON, Sept. 5.

By four million against nine hundred thousand votes, the Trades' Union Congress decided to take over the "Daily Herald", the members' affiliation fee has been increased to threepence for that purpose.

LATER.

The Congress subsequently announced that Mr. H. Hamilton Fyfe had been appointed Editor of the "Daily Herald."

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

A much brighter outlook in the famine regions of Russia is indicated by Mr. Flesh, president of the United States Grain Corporation and Comptroller of the American Relief Administration, who has just arrived after a month's inspection of the conditions in Russia. He considers that Russia will have enough food until the next harvest if it is properly distributed. The crops look excellent, despite some complaints of locusts.

Staple food can now be obtained at railway stations at exorbitant prices. Mr. Flesh says that railroads have enormously improved. He saw ninety locomotives being hauled to Russia from Germany.

The Relief Administration, at one time, fed ten and a half millions, but the number is on the decrease now.

LOAN FOR KARACHI PORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Arrangements are being made to place privately a loan of £3[illegible],000 for the port of Karachi. The terms mentioned are six per cent at par.

SIR ALI IMAM.

RESIGNS OFFICE

ALREADY LEFT HYDERABAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 6.

The news that Sir Ali Imam has resigned his office as President of H. E. H. the Nizam's Executive Council and that the Nizam has accepted the resignation has been received here with consternation. Sir Ali left Hyderabad for Patna this evening having severed his connection with Hyderabad for good.

CAUSE OF RESIGNATION.

COMPLAINT AGAINST MR HYDERI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 6.

Sir Ali Imam had occasion to complain to H. E. H. the Nizam about a letter Mr. Hyderi, the Finance Minister, is stated to have written to a friend in the upcountry criticising Sir Ali's administration. Sir Ali is said to have declared that it was impossible for him to sit on the same council as Mr. Hyderi and as no satisfactory adjustment of the matter could be arrived at despite the efforts of the Resident, the Nizam accepted Sir Ali's resignation. The dramatic suddenness of Sir Ali's resignation right in the midst of the extensive development programme he had on hand has caused much consternation.

Sir Faridoon-ul-Mulk will act temporarily as President of the Executive Council.

"EGYPT" INQUIRY.

EVENING PRESS COMMENTS.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The evening papers contine the discussion on the report of the Court of Enquiry on the "Egypt" disaster.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" emphatically endorses the findings and thinks that it is evident that the P. and O. Company's system of protection of passengers requires a drastic revision. Boat-drill ought to be sacred.

The "Star" dwells upon the report that non-maritime Indians are at present being engaged aboard the ships. It thinks that public opinion will be right in demanding an attempt to get a complete and honest answer by an impartial commission to question whether the existing sources of supply of Lascars to passenger liners are consistent with the safety of passengers.

The "Manchester Guardian" remarks that all avoidable, and therefore, censurable, part of the tragedy springs from the old temptation to let an emergency look after itself. Referring to the Lascars, the paper says there is no reason to suppose that the men were at fault; rather there was a failure of system.

AN ADVOCATE OF LASCARS.

Writing in the "Evening Standard" Mr. Cuthbert Laws, General Manager of the Shipping Federation, pleads the case in favour of the employment of Lascars in Eastern trade, and says that owners do not save money thereby because a large number must be employed to do the same work, but that there is a gain in efficiency. He emphasises that the Lanctars are British subjects and hereditary seamen and the right men if properly led. No-one need hesitate to go to sea because the ship is manned by Lascars Mr. Laws suggests that the Lascar is objected to in some quarters because, though good seamen, he is a bad trade unionist.

ARRESTS BY SOVIET GOVT.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Riga.—According to a telegram from Moscow, the Soviet administration is being carried out with relentlessness. It is reported that a number of members of the "Political Red Cross Organisation", who had political prisoners in Russia under their care, have been arrested, charged with establishing a counter-revolutionary organisation.

UKRAINIAN REBELS SENTENCED.

A tribunal at Kieff, which was trying the Ukrainian rebels against Bolshevist rule, sentenced to death eighty-eight and confiscated their property. The tribunal also sentenced twenty-seven to imprisonment.

M. Timovieff, the Socialist revolutionary leader, who was recently sentenced to death, has committed suicide by hanging himself in his cell.

SOVIET BUDGET FOR 1922-23.

LONDON, Sept. 5.

A Riga message, which is said to come from Moscow, says that the Soviet budget for 1922-23 shows, in estimates, a total of four hundred million gold roubles for the Red Army expenditure. The amount is equivalent to thirty-four per cent. of the whole budget expenditure.

DAVIS CUP

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Forest Hill (U. S.).—The Third Singles match in the Challenge Round for the Davis Cup has resulted in a victory for the American, Mr. Johnston, over the Australian, Mr. Patterson, six-two, six-two, six-one. America thus retains the trophy.

TILDEN BEAT A DERSON.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Forest Hill (U. S. A.), in the final of singles in the Challenge Round for the Davis Cup Tilden beat Anderson 3—4, 5—7, 3—6, 6—4, 6—2.

N. C. O. MOVEMENT.

VICEROY'S CHARGES.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S PROMISE TO MUSLIMS.

The following are further extracts from the Viceroy's speech in opening the Legislative Session:—

In the domain of external affair the subject uppermost in our minds is the proposed revision of the Treaty of Sevres. I can now add little to the statement I made at Peshawar in April last, save to assure you, that every stage in the developments is followed by my Government with keen and watchful interest and whatever action we can with propriety adopt to lay before the British Government the reasonable aspirations of the Moslems of India regarding these developments, we have taken and shall not fail to take. It is gratifying to observe that the activities of my Government have not been without effect upon the Moslem population of India who have readily acknowledged and appreciated that my Government have done their utmost to impress the Indian Muhammedan view upon His Majesty's Government. At this moment negotiations are proceeding with the object of arriving at a solution of this difficult and delicate problem and it is therefore, undesirable for me to discuss the situation. I will only remind you that as already stated by His Majesty's Government the representations will be fully considered and due weight will be attached to them by His Majesty's Government in so far as these are compatible with justice, their obligations to their Allies, and the adequate safeguarding of minorities. It is most earnestly to be hoped that these efforts of His Majesty's Government and their allies, will shortly result in the complete restoration of peace to the Near East.

FRONTIER SITUATION.

I am glad to inform you that cordial relations subsist with all the powers on our borders. Since I last addressed you a treaty has been concluded between His Majesty's Government and Afghanistan and I feel confident that the bonds of friendship between Afghanistan and ourselves will be maintained and grow in strength. Tribal peace on our tribal fdontier except in Waziristan and even there I had hoped that the results achieved would enable me to announce to you the winning stage in the long protracted operations. Owing to the gallantry of our troops a substantial progress has already been made in the very difficult conditions well known to all who are acquainted with this frontier, but while some of the Wazir and Mahsud tribal sections have entered into satisfactory engagements with us we have still to secure the complete tribal unanimity and cooperation which alone can effectively maintain peace. Our object in Waziristan is to ensure the security of life, honour and property of those who are entitled to our protection whilst keeping our expenditure within the narrowest limits commensurate with our purpose in dealing with external affairs and our borders.

FINANCIAL SITUATION.

When we turn to matters nearer home, a subject of first class importance to us is Finance. I need not go into the story of our deficit but you may be assured that my Government is making every effort to bring about the equalisation of expenditure to revenue. The first step is retrenchment. I have explained to a deputation which addressed me the measures adopted by by Government to attain this object and I feel that they will command confidence. We must now await the recommendation which the Retrenchment Committee will place before us. The results of our loan operations have been encouraging. You will have seen that our sterling loan realised 12½ million pounds and our rupee loan 46 crores of which 43 were new money. By the mercy of Providence good harvests have mitigated our grave anxieties on account of the enormous rise of the price of food grains prevailing when I last addressed you. A fall in the prices has now occurred sharper than even the previous one. This year's monsoon has been on the whole favourable and I trust that we may look with hope for a continuance of plentiful stocks and lower prices of the first necessities of life and that the improvement may conduce to remove the economic discontent, so often the root cause of political malaise.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

There is a matter to which I may refer as being of special interest to this legislature. We are making an addition to our machinery. Rules have been framed for the appointment of further standing committees of the Indian Legislature to various departments of the Government of India and for the definition of their functions and their procedure. The duties of the committees will be of an advisory nature and I trust that the departments will find the committees of real assistance and that the members of the committees on their part will gain a wider insight into the problems of the administration and that experience will demonstrate the benefits to be derived from the continuance of this system.

ACHIEVEMENTS BY CONSTITUTIONAL METHODS.

Last year I warned you that you could not expect to garner so rich a harvest of achievement every session but with your subsequent record before me I doubt the correctness of my prediction. Time will only permit me to chronicle a few of your most important achievements but the list even with this limit refutes the malice of those who belittle reformed constitution and decry the efforts of those who, like you, believe that only through constitutional methods can the aspirations of the Indian people be fulfilled. The Press Act of 1910 has been repealed. In this connection I pointed out last year that the repeal of the Act might necessitate the consideration of the form of protection to be given to the Princes against seditious attacks made upon them in newspapers published in British India. In the meantime the Local Governments have been consulted and this question has been closely examined and and has been the

(Continued on next page.)

THE "BITTER-SWEET" EDITOR OF "PATRIKA."

(AN APPRECIATION.)

"In every age and clime we see
Two of a trade can never agree."

That was the connexion between the two greatest journals of Bengal, the "Bengalee" of Surendranath and the "Patrika," the "Amrita Bazar," (named after their mother, the late Shreemati Amrita Dasai), of Sisir Kumar, "Hemanta, Basanta, Motilal and Gopal, who were all borne in a small dingy village in Jessore District, only a few leagues from Calcutta.

Although Sir Surendranath Banerjea, the quandom leader of Bengal, the Founder-Secretary of the Indian Association, at one time a premier political institution which has, now been joocosely sobriquetted as the "*political morgue*" of the erstwhile metropolis of India, would never see eye to eye with the *Ghoses* of Bagbazar on account of their extreme political views, Surendranath really unbosomed his heart and voiced the opinion of the country at the Bengal Provincial Conference at Krishnagore more than a decade ago when he proposed Motilal to the Chair and said "Gentlemen "Babu Motilal Ghose is a Past-Master in Journalism. He is a veteran journalist—more veteran than my humble self." A man of Surendranath's calibre who has all along been an adversary of Motilal in both political and journalistic fields paid him such a glowing tribute. And the reader will agree when I say that it was not a mere journalistic platitude that Surendranath uttered. Such a veteran journalist whom Surendranath acclaimed as one greater than himself has passed away from our midst after quite an eventful career of nearly 77 years.

Not only was Motibabu, a veteran journalist, but a robust patriot with keen political insight and broad views, to which were added a sense of uncommon wit and humour which helped him in exposing sham and pillorying the turn-coats before the public eye. The funny style of Motibabu which he owed to his eldest brother, Sirir Kumar, won him the appellation of the "Bitter-Sweet Editor of the Patrika" from the pen of the Eminent English Journalist, Mr. W. H. Nevinson. Mr. Nevinson when out in India to study the "New Spirit in India" in the memorable days of the Partition paid a visit to the "Patrika" office and passed some happy hours with Motibabu and went away with an impression which he subsequently noted in his book that nobody in those days thought of making Motilal the President of the Indian National Congress, but his (Motilal Ghose's) head contained more demands for his country than those of the Congress of Hume, Dadabhoy, Wedderburn, W. C. Bonerjee, Yule Surendranath, Sayani, Bose, Ghose (Lalmohan) and Dutt.

As Motilal was not made a President of the Indian National Congress, as he was a staunch and irreconcilable Extremists always on the look-out for opportunities to criticise in his own inimitable style the drastic measures and draconic Laws of the Bureaucracy, the enterprising Indian publishers who belong to the "saner and sober section of the public" did not care to bring out a brochure of his life. So to the young generation of the present age he was "half-hidden from public eye, a violet by a mossy stone." Motibabu did not like to shine in the lime light of the public. He scarcely attended public meetings of Calcutta.

Frail in his body and always weak in health, Motibabu used to work many hours for the "Patrika," which was to him a living thing and this told upon his health. And in the evening of his life he received a rude shock by the sad demise of his only son-in-law, Mr. Nritya Gopal Dutta, who was to him not a son-in-law but more than a son.

EARLY STRUGGLE.

But I ought to go back to the days of his childhood when he had availed himself of the best education that could be had at a village under "a typical village school master." His guardians sent him over to Krishnagore for his English education where in later years he became a schoolmasters with a paltry remuneration without taking any degree from the University. His brother Sisir Kumar had already bade good-bye to goddess "Saraswati. Although they were solvent in financial matters the *Ghoses* spent a good deal in village organisation and sanitation and a good round sum was eaten up by litigation. Killing Malaria from Jessore district which both germinates and fosters Malaria in large areas was always up in the minds of the two brothers to the exclusion of all other things of interest. With a view to ventilate the grievances of the people and to have those redressed at the hands of the local governments Sisir Kumar started a vernacular paper at his native village, but the adventure not being much of a success he thought of shifting to Calcutta. But "belling the cat" was not easy. Who was to finance this big adventure in Calcutta? will be a news to many and especially to the promoters of the Hindu-Moslem Entente that both Sisir Kumar and Motilal were apostles of Hindu-Moslem Unity and cordial relationship in political matters. It is stated that a high-souled Moslem gentleman advanced Sisir Kumar some money for his expenses and out of high regard for this follower of Islam the brothers became attached to Moslems and always advocated their cause against the "divide and rule" policy of the Bureaucracy.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" is the oldest Indo-English paper in India, barring the "Indian Mirror" started by the late reformer, Keshav Chandra Sen. The conversion of the "Patrika" from a vernacular journal into an English one has an interesting history behind it, which bespeaks the ingenuity, industriousness and patriotism of Sisir Kumar and Motilal. Lord Lytton (father of the present Governor of Bengal) passed the Vernacular Press Act which stood in the way of the paper being published in vernacular without making a declaration and giving deposit money. The brother got the news in the afternoon sat down with English types, composed the leader and leaderettes, worked the whole night and brought out a complete English edition of the paper next day!

Since then the "Patrika," established its reputation as a most enterprising and patriotic paper under the guidance of these two brothers and has sustained it up till now. Undaunted in spirit, and with unalloyd love for Mother-India. Motilal, after his brother's death conducted the paper most successfully. As he could not (for his very nature did not allow him to) bask in the official sunshine and he did not "bow-and-agree" to official dictation, he incurred the hostility of the Government of Bengal and on several occasions his position as the bitter-Sweet Editor of the "Patrika" was at stake, and at times it appeared as if he would be asked to do time in H. M.'s guest-house. But his lieutenants did not go scot-free. His printer Tarit Kanti Biswas had to suffer Motilal's article "To Whom Does India Belong," in the "Patrika," put the paper into a little trouble and the deposit money was forfeited.

On another occasion a leader in the "Patrika" on a case relating to the Improvement Trust of Calcutta to which govt. took exception gave him some uneasy time and he was subjected to a long cross-examination but he was acquitted honorably. The D. I. Act victims owe a deep debt of gratitude to him for espousing their cause.

Journalism was the very breath of his life. All through his life he kept his indomitable spirit aflame and hated all sham and pretensions. Journalism—honest journalism—has thus suffered an incalculable loss and the country a true son by the death of Motilal Ghose whose name will go down to the posterity as an "ideal patriot." Motibabu was once favoured by a Royal interview. He was the only Indian journalist whom the King, wanted to hear and to whom His Majesty extended his invitation. Had Motibabu tried he would have been a Knight or a C.I.E. or a Rai Bahadur. but he disdained those things as *dog chains.*

A Vaishnava in religious faith but not of an orthodox type, accommodating in spirit, affable in manners, tenacious in principle, consistent in policy, Motilal Ghose lived an unostentatious life always offering his services for his country and humanity. And we love him, we admire him for "he loved his country as he loved his God."

P. N. G.

N. C. O. MOVEMENT.

(Continued from previous page.)

subject of correspondence between my Government and the Secretary of State. We have decided that we are bound by agreements and in honour to afford to the Princes the same measure of protection as they previously enjoyed under the Press Act which is the only protection available to them and a bill to secure this object will be brought before you in the present session. This protection to the Princes was first given by the Act of 1910. It is not suggested that it has been abused and the only reason for its repeal is because in British India we have decided to dispense with the special remedies under the Press Act and to rely upon the general law which is not applicable to the Princes. The report of the committee appointed to examine certain laws conferring extraordinary powers on the executive has resulted in the repeal of 23 acts and regulations supplementing the ordinary criminal law. The acts repealed include the Defence of India Act 1915, the Statute known as the Rowlatt Act and part of the Criminal Law (amendment) Act of 1908. I congratulate you on passing into law last winter session the amended Factories Act—a very important piece of social legislation.

PROGRAMME OF LEGISLATION.

You have an arduous programme of legislation before you. Among important measures I may mention a Bill to amend the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code which has been under discussion for some years. The voluminous matter collected has been examined by a select committee whose report will be before you shortly. Another bill is that abolishing transportation as a form of punishment. The Indian Mines Act which is designed to make improvements in the provisions to secure the safety, welfare and efficiancy of mine workers will also come before you. Last year I forshadowed two other measures destined to benefit the labouring classes of the country. Legislation for workmen's compensation has been advocated by the leading associations of employers and employees and the majority of the Local Governments. The proposals have been examined by a committee the majority of whose recommendations will be laid before you in the form of a bill. We hope also to place our considered decisions regarding protection and legal status of trades unions before you. Interest naturally centres round the deliberations of the Fiscal Commission. This Commission opened its enquiries in November last and concluded them in July. I believe that the members were unable to come to a unanimous decision and the preparation of the minority note h delayed the submission of the report to Government. It is hoped however that copies of the full report will shortly be in the hands of members of legislature.

RAILWAYS.

I turn now to Railways. It is only a year since we received the report of Sir William Acworth's Committee. The Assembly took the most important decision regarding the railways which has been arrived at for many years in setting aside a sum of 150 crores for the next quinquennium for use on rehabilitation. Railway administrations are now able to look ahead and plan an ordered programme of capital expenditure. The proposal that railway finance should be separated from general finance has not been found at present possible by the committee which examined the point but the matter has still to come before the legislatures. The question of the reorganisation of the Railway Board is under examination. A central advisory board consisting of the members of the legislatures, a different composition from that advocated by the Acquorth Committee, but one better suited to our needs and conditions, has been established. It has begun to work and will examine many question of a rates tribunal will soon be ready for the preliminary scrutiny of this board. We are fully conscious of the importance of the Acworth Committee's report and are pressing the issues raised by it to a conclusion.

TERRITORIAL FORCES.

You will be interested to learn that since last September considerable progress has been made with the development of the Territorial Force. In addition to the University Training Corps twenty provincial battalions have been constituted and the numbers enrolled total more than 10,000. Some units have undergone their first training with satisfactory results. General Burnett-Stuart who conducted the recent operations in Malabar commented in his farewell order to the Madras District on the good start made by the battalions in that presidency. While it is too early to judge of the military value of the force the first steps are certainly encouraging. Indian candidates continue to be selected for the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, but I regret to say that my Government have cause for anxiety in that so few candidates possessing the necessary qualifications have come forward for selection. In these circumstances, I am gratified to know that the college designed to train Indian boys who aspire to enter Sandhurst has now been established at Dehra Dun. The college was formally opened by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales last March and I have subsequently visited it. There are 37 boys under tuition. Accommodation for large numbers is being provided and the report on the first term's work of the college is decidedly satisfactory.

AIR FORCE.

Air Vice-Marshall Sir John Salmond is at present in India to examine and report to my Government upon the air force and whether economies in defence expenditure can be effected by increased use of the air force in cooperation with our army for the external and internal protection of India. He has completed his enquiries and has submitted his report which will require most careful study.

N. C. O. MOVEMENT.

Gentlemen, you have reason to be satisfied with the success you have already achieved in this legislature during the short period of its existence. In the language recently used by the Prime Minister, there has been a very considerable measure of success, and very able and distinguished Indians have contributed to achieve this result but this is only one part, although a very important part, of the picture. There is another aspect which I am sure presents itself to your minds at this moment and I would ask you whether the events in India of the last 18 months can fairly and reasonably be regarded as assisting the efforts you have made towards realization of your aims and whether indeed these events have not proved a hindrance and an obstruction to the progress of India? We have seen the legislatures and all cooperating in constitutional progress doing their utmost to march forward. I wish this were the whole story but facts must be faced and we cannot ignore that a section of the people of India have spared no effort not only to withhold their own cooperation but so hindered and intimidated others that they have not stopped short of violence. They have not hesitated to foster antagonism against the Government, to stir up racial hatred and to lead the way back to chaos and anarchy. The acts of this section during His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' visit are too well-known to you to require recapitulation. Here in India we know that they do not represent the real views of the Indian people but can you wonder that they created a deplorable impression upon the British people throughout the Empire notwithstanding the devotion and loyalty of the people of India? The mischief was deliberately done and in spite of the solemn warning I ventured to give of its inevitable effect upon the British people and the British Parliament.

THE FUTURE.

I have said enough of the past. I now turn to the future. I look with confidence to you for help. If we have to secure the progress we all desire we must create the atmosphere in which it can develop. There must be respect for law and order and support for constituted authority and established Government. Malign influences which mislead the uneducated masses into excess must be combated. We must see that the objects we are striving to achieve are understood and appeal to the intelligence of such masses and command their sympathy. We must convince them of the sincerity of our purpose. We must make them feel assured that the first motive of all our action is their ultimate well-being. You must attempt to diffuse that clearer vision with which you must help others to share in their wider outlook and in these opportunities for material welfare which you enjoy. Defensive tactics alone will not suffice. We must lead and guide upwards and onwards. The task is not easy. It requires application, it calls for patience, but it is one which I am confident that your effort can bring to a successful issue. It is a task in which you may rely on the fullest support of my Government and of the Civil Services who, in the face of much misrepresentation and hostility, have freely and unsparingly cooperated to work the reform constitution and continue to labour for its success. They are ready to help you and they also look for your help. You hear around you propaganda against the reforms. Your rights are assailed by misrepresentations. Your privileges and prospects are attacked. Your achievements are belittled. Your aims are vilified. Last year I urged you to counteraction. I impressed on you that the electorate required education. I have the same advice to repeat to you now but I repeat it with more force and insistence, for another year has passed and a new election is within sight and I make my earnest appeal to you in the interests of India so dear to your hearts, to lend your influence and authority to help India forward to the attainment of her ultimate aims to continue the advance which will secure to her, in the fullest degree, the great place that awaits her within the Empire.

The Railway Risk Note Revision Committee met again on Tuesday and approved the draft report which is believed to contain unanimous conclusions.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

REPLIES TO QUESTIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The first sitting of the Legislative Assembly after the opening of the autumn session by the Viceroy yesterday, was held at 11, this morning with Sir Frederick Whyte in the chair. The day was devoted to Government legislative business which included further consideration of bills already introduced and the introduction of six new measures relating to Steam Boilers Act, Court Fees Act, Negotiable Instruments Act, Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, Official Trustees Act, and a bill removing restrictions imposed on transfer of ships registered in British India.

The House was full, about a hundred members being present but the galleries presented a deserted look perhaps because of the interest aroused by the censure resolution on Premier's speech which was set down for discussion in the Council of State to-day. Soon after the President took his seat, he referred in mourning terms to the loss suffered not only by the Assembly but also by the public life of India in the death of Sir Vithaldas Thackersay. Dr. Gour, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Sir Malcolm Hailey also added their tribute to the memory of the dead. The Assembly unanimously authorised the President to convey to the family of Sir Vithaldas Thackersay the loss which the public life of India has suffered and the House's sympathy with them in their bereavement.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION.

A large number of questions were next answered. Replying to Mr. Seshagini Iyer, Mr. Burdon said that no decision had yet been arrived at on the report of Military Requirements Committee. Government of India had sent to the Secretary of State its views on the report. The recommendations of the Committee could not be made known at present.

Mr. A. C. Chatterjee replying to Sir D. P. Sarwadhicary on British Empire Exhibition said, "As regards the Central Government a Commissioner for India has been appointed who is now in London consulting with the High Commissioner, the Indian Trade Commissioner and the exhibition authorities regarding the design and the layout of the buildings and other details. In the short time at his disposal before leaving India, he was ables after consultation with tht Government of India to visit Madras and Bombay and to give advice to and receive information from those provinces regarding their participation. On his way to England he visited the French Colonial Exhibition at Marseilles where it was thought that he would be able to gain useful experience. The High Commissioner has with the approval of the Government of India appointed as advisory committee for India in London which includes in its personnel representatives of commercial and industrial interests connected with India. As regards the organisation and collection of actual exhibits, preliminary arrangements are being made for the exhibition of a section relating to tropical diseases, sanitation and hygiene, and a forests' section both of which will be shown on an all-India basis. Sir Havelock Charles, Medical Adviser to the Secretary of State, has been appointed as the representative of India in connection with the first named section and the Commissioner for India is consulting with Messrs. Howard Brothers, the Indian Government Timber Agents in London, regarding the second. No definite action has yet been taken in the matter of other specific classes of exhibits pending the receipt of further detailed information from London and also from the provinces who have been informed of the provisional scheme approved by the Central Government for classifying the exhibits. As regards the provinces, the Government of Burma have with the approval of the Government of India decided to hold a separate exhibition of which they will meet the cost. Burma timbers will however be included in the All-India forestry exhibit in addition to their appearance in the provincial exhibition. The Governments of Madras, Bombay and the Punjab have asked for space to be allotted to them for provincial courts in addition to space for exhibits in the central portion. Bengal, the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa all propose to participate with the concurrence of their Legislative Councils and further support is expected from other provinces and some of the Indian States. In Madras, in particular, the proposal to participate has been adopted with enthusiasm and it is understood that preparations are actively being made for the organisation of a preliminary provincial exhibition in India. As regards Indian States, Baroda, Travancore, Cochin and Tonk Darbars have so far expressed a desire to participate in the Exhibition.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING.

Replying to two questions on the subject of Government printing presses, Mr. Chatterjee, Industries Secretary, said that Government thought that maintenance of its own presses was more economical. Moreover, urgent and confidential work of Government could not be entrusted to private firms. Printing in bulk such as printing of forms was already being done through private agencies and Government was taking steps to secure competition in contracts for such work with a view to secure efficiency as well as economy.

Sir William Vincent replying to a question by Mr. Neogy regarding orders of the Government of India restoring a grant for paper book department rejected by the Bengal Council said that the extent to which Governors may be required to maintain the authority of the Governor-General in Council in regard to matters under his control when they are exercising their statutory powers was under examination. When further questioned on this matter by Mr. Chowdhri, the Home Member refused to be drawn into legal discussion of the matter.

OFFICIAL SECRETS.

Replying to Mr. Ahmed, Colonel Waghorn said that communications to members of the Indian Legislature which involved infringement of Government Servants Conduct Rules were prohibited. Government did not propose to withdraw that order.

Replying to a supplementary question on the same subject by Mr. Rangachariar, Sir William Vincent said that similar orders had been issued in some other departments as well because it was found that information which came to the knowledge of some employees in the course of their official duty was being communicated outside. It was therefore, considered necessary to warn employees of the consequences of their action.

Mr. Rangachariar asked as to whether the Home Member was aware that the O'Donnell Circular was in the hands of members of the House of Commons some time ago.

Home Member said he was not aware of it.

Mr. Samarth: "Does the Hon'ble Member know that the O'Donnel Circular was published in some newspapers in Calcutta?

Sir William Vincent: "Yes. It was improperly published."

Replying to Mr. Subrahmanyam, Mr. Innes said the question of printing stamps and stamped papers in India was under consideration and enquiries were being made to ascertain when such arrangements were possible.

Dr. Gour impressed on Mr. Innes the necessity of giving contract for a period which should tempt companies to undertake expensive installation of necessary machinery.

Replying to a question by Mr. P. L. Mitra, Mr. Innes said an officer had been placed on special duty to go into the whole question of the training of Indians for both superior and superdinate grades of all departments and a definite scheme was in hand, the proposals in connection with which, it was hoped to publish in due course. A scheme for the selection and training of young men as probationers in the traffic department was also in preparation. Government did not at present propose to start a separate railway college but to make use of existing institutions.

In answer to a question by Mr. Joshi, Mr. Innes said that distribution of railway coaches included in quinquennial programme was 454 for first class, 474 for second class and 3859 for third class.

Replying to a question by Mr. Bushambernath regarding irregularities in the case of the 55 members of the United Provinces Congress Committee, the Home Member said the Government of India saw no reason to interfere nor had any application been made to them under section 401 Criminal Procedure Code.

In answer to a question by Mr. Seshagiri Iyer, Mr. Burdon said the question of publication of information relating to contribution made by India towards the prosecution of the great war formed the subject of correspondence between the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India. Information regarding contributions by other parts of the empire was not available in India.

In answer to Mr. J. Dwarkadas, Sir Sydney Crookshank said that the question of radio communication was under consideration. It was not contemplated that traffic between India and the United Kingdom should pass through general post office station at Cairo. India's share of estimated capital cost and recurring expenses of imperial wireless scheme was £185,000 and £14,000 respectively.

In reply to a question by Mr. Seshagiri Iyer asking for avoiding in future the necessity for parliament's sanction for an Indian loan in England, the Finance Member said that the time was inopportune to ask the Home Government to undertake legislation on the lines of Colonial Stock Act. After question time the President announced that the Governor-General had given his assent to the law repealing Press Act.

The panel of chairmen for the session would consist of Mr. Rangachariar, Mr. Kassim, Mr. Rhodes and Sardar Gujjansingh.

CONGRESS RECEPTION COMMITTEE MEETING

The Secretary of the Congress Reception Committee, Gaya sends us the following:—

A meeting of the Reception Committee to the 37th. Indian National Congress was held at Gaya on the 27th August. Among others the following resolutions are passed:—

That in accordance with the recommendations of a majority of the Provincial Congress Committees Deshbandhu Chitaranjan Das be elected President of the 37th. Indian National Congress.

That an Exhibition be held at the time of the Congress and that the Exhibition be confined to pure Khadi and if the Committee hereinafter named so decide, it may include Local industries of Bihar and Orissa also. That a committee of not more then 7 persons be formed to make arrangements for the Exhibitions and Babu Mohendra Prasad, Banarsi Prasad Jhunjhunwalla and Ashutosh Chatterjee be elected members of the Committee for the present with Babu Ashutosh Chatterjee as its Secretary.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held in the same evening it was decided to extend the date for the enrolment of members to the Reception Committee to the 15th October next.

"TRADE TACTICS."

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In your Saturday's issue on page 11 you have thought fit to publish hazy innuendoes and insinuations against our firm without any pressing reason. All the same we offer you our thanks for your strictures as the same have proved real blessings in disguise to us.

As to the use of the word "Shudha Khadi" as soon as it was brought to our notice, we at once substituted the word Swadeshi Khadi, and we have been telling clearly every prospective customer that it contained hand-spun upright threads, while the horizontal or lengthwise threads were of Indian mill yarn and the cloth itself was handloomed. As to the wheme of the cloth, our reply from Sholapur, Warangal etc., was quite correct. If your representative had revealed his identity to us we should have been glad to show him proofs of our bonafides. But failing such candour on his part, we were justified in making the reply we did, as no tradesman would reveal his business privacy or the sources of his supply to any chance enquirer. It might not be pure Khaddar according to your own pet ideas but our coats are entirely made from Swadeshi Khadi, and we hereby challenge any one including your representative to prove that they are not so made, we will put a stop to our sale.

As to the moral your representative draws from the incident is sublime and evidently beyond his reach as he himself was not clothed in pure Khaddar and much less in Swadeshi Khadi—perhaps he has not yet reached his ideals high water mark of patriotism. In conclusion we defy the clothing trade of Bombay to sell any makes of coats of pure Khaddar, Swadeshi Khadi, or frankly of foreign cloth at the price we sell them to the purchasers across the counter.

We own no shops but have only one in the Kshatriya Building. As to the reliability of your representatives a silent but eloquent testimony is borne thereto by Mr. Vijayasen Bhansali's letter in the same page.

Hoping you will publish the above in your next issue,—Yours, etc.

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COUNCIL OF STATE.

FIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The first business day of the autumn session of Council of State was assigned today with Sir Alexander Muddiman, the President in the chair and lasted more than three hours. About thirty non-official members were present and the visitors' gallery was occupied by over a dozen persons. More than fifty non-official interpellations were put to Government and answers elicited. The President announced that Lord Reading had nominated Sir Alexander Murray Sir Manockji Dadabhoy, Sir Dinshaw Wacha and Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan to be on the panel of chairmen. The Secretary intimated that the Governor-General had given assent to the Ranchi Mental Hospital Bill, the Indian Courts Amendment Bill and the Press Law Repealing and Amending Bill.

STRENGTH OF EXECUTIVE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Sethna who had given notice of a motion for adjournment regarding the Premier's speech in the House of Commons on the Indian reforms withdrew it in view of a resolution on the same subject being tabled for discussion. Mr. Sethna then moved his resolution urging that in view of serious financial condition of India and consequent necessity for retrenchment in expenditure that the number of the members of a Governor's Executive Council should in no province exceed two and that every Governor of a Governor's province should be advised not to appoint more than two Ministers to administer transferred subjects. The mover's object was to suggest a direction in which retrenchment was very necessary in the Central as well as the Provincial Governments in these days of financial stringency. The resolution affected only four provinces, namely, Madras, Bengal, Bombay and Bihar and Orissa, the last named only partially so far as the number of Executive Councillors was concerned. If two Executive Councillors and two Ministers were quite able to cope with the administration of such a large and populous and complex province like the U.P., he saw no reason why in the three Presidencies the administration should be so top heavy as to require four Executive Councillors and three Ministers. Mr. Sethna maintained that a cabinet of four members, two Executive Councillors and two Ministers ought to be able to cope with the whole work of administration in Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

Sir Manecji Dadabhoy said the case of one province differed from that of another and it was therefore, right and proper that local Governments concerned should deal with the question of number of Executive Councillors and the local legislative councils with the number of Ministers required.

Mr. Raza Ali supported the suggestion that the number of Executive Councillors in the local Governments should be reduced but objected to the proposal of reducing the number of ministers because it was against the spirit of Reform Act and against the very principle of responsible Government.

HOME SECRETARY'S REPLY.

Mr. O'Donnel the Home Secretary replying on behalf of Government referred first to the case of Bihar and Orissa and after reminding the Council of the discussion that had taken place in the Bihar Legislative Council on the subject pointed out that the question had been referred to the Secretary of State. As regards the three Presidencies, the Home Secretary explained the enormous increase of work and the more complicated nature of the machinery brought about by the reforms. The Government of India however felt keen the need for retrenchment and economy and they had recently addressed local Governments on the question of the number of Executive Councillors but the opinions of all the local Governments had not been received by the Government of India. As soon as they were received the Government of India would forward them to the Secretary of State with their own opinion thereon. They could not therefore commit themselves on this point to any final view at the present stage. Regarding the number of Ministers Mr. O'Dunnell explained their constitutional position. The salaries of Ministers were noted by the local Council and so it was the Legislature which was to voice its wishes. As to the number of Ministers required, if there were at present three Ministers in each of the three Presidencies, it must be presumed, that Legislative Councils there considered that number to be necessary. Of course it was open at any time for the Legislative Councils of these Presidencies to revise their opinion on the subject but that decision rested with the Councils and it would be inconsistent with the principle of responsible Government that the Government of India should interfere with the discretion of the local Legislatures.

Mr. Sethna withdrew the resolution in view of the satisfactory statement that the question of the number of Executive Councillors would be referred to the Secretary of State. Regarding the Ministers he was not much concerned about their number.

Prof. Kale and Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy resolutions relating to the Premier's speech were postponed till to-morrow as the Home Member (Sir William Vincent) who was in charge of important Bills in the Legislative Assembly was not present.

CONDITIONS INDIAN LABOURERS.

Sir Ahmed Shamli. Maricair then moved for a committee of officials and non-officials with an official majority to enquire into conditions of life and complaints of Indian labourers working in India, both industrial and agricultural, in respect of wages earned, indebtedness, hours of work, housing accommodation, sanitation, medical treatment and educational facilities for children.

Mr. Lindsay on behalf of Government pointed out the measures already taken by Government to ameliorate the condition of labourers but urged upon the withdrawal of the resolution in view of financial difficulties. Hon. Sir Ahmad Shamli Maricair then withdrew the resolution.

The Council then adjourned till to-morrow when an interesting debate on the Premier's speech will be initiated by the Hon. Mr. Kale to whose motion amendments will be moved by Mr. Raza Ali and Sirdar Jogendra Singh.

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MASS MEETING AT BELGAUM

SUPPORT TO CONGRESS PROGRAMME

(From a Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, Sept. 4.

At a mass meeting before Sarvajanic Ganapati in Maruti temple, Mr. Belvi presiding, Srj. Puranik, a prominent Lingayat gentleman, addressed the audience in Hindi. He showed the audience clearly how British rule in India had failed. The people, cattle, agriculture, education, everything was degenerating from day to day. People in the Native States were comparatively far happier than those in the British territory. Government was too busy in raising loans for the development of cities like Bombay, Karachi and Delhi while the poor ryots had to die of starvation in the country. All this was done in the name of peace and order. He then warned the audience of the coming danger of the West overriding the East and exhorted both Brahmins and non-Brahmins to sacrifice their self interest for the country's cause, unite and worship, Shakti hidden in the nation. Two things were needed for the present; the spirit of organisation and the strength to protect themselves. He advised young men to say like Swami Ramtirtha that they would either get Swarajya or die. He concluded saying it was high time to shake off their badge of servitude and do what Mahatma Gandhi told them to do. Mr. Belvi then wound up the proceedings with a short speech. The meeting dispersed amidst shouts of "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-jay" "Lokmanya Tilak-ki-ki-jay" and 'Bande Matram'.

CENTRAL RAILWAY ADVISORY BOARD

DECIDES IN FAVOUR OF STATE MANAGEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

It is understood that the Central Railway Advisory Board have decided in favour of state management of railways by seven votes to four. The Government members remained neutral The minority included Sir Alexander Murry, Sir Montagu Webb and Sir Dinshaw Wacha. Government will soon consider the Board's recommendation and it is believed that a Government resolution embodying their decision on this question will be brought forward at the November session of the Indian Legislatures in Delhi.

SURAT'S STRUGGLE.

ADVOCACY OF A VIA-MEDIA.

(From our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Sept. 4.

Some persons advocating a *Via media* between the present N. C. O. programme and the co-operators' tactics are busy organising an independent nationalistic club.

Kavi Narmada's *Jayanti* is to be celebrated on the 9th instant, when his oil painting photo is to be unveiled at the hands of Kavi Nanalal. Leading Gujarati Literati are expected to be present on the occasion.

The teachers of Godhra Municipality have not received their pay for the last five months and scavangers went on strike as their pay was reduced from 8 to 7 rupees. They have however been promised an increase in pay.—(A. P.)

Owing to heavy rain the bridge between Sharigh and Khost on Siba-Bostan line was seriously damaged rendering passage of trains impossible. Transhipment of passangers and their luggage will be necessary for the next 2 or 3 days.

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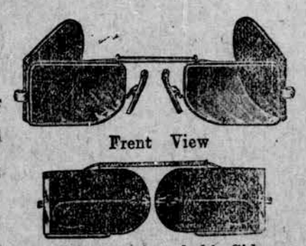

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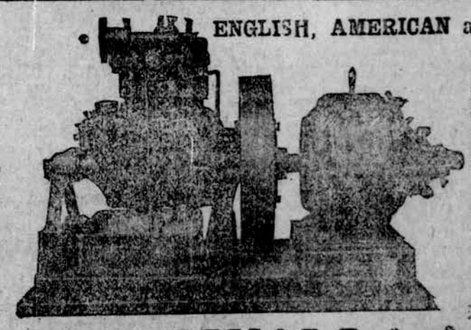

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